

COUNCIL VOTES TO
BORROW LARGE SUM

Loan of \$20,000 is Authorized For
General Expenses of the City—
Available in Sums Needed.

NEW ORDINANCE INTRODUCED

Provides a Penalty For Draining
Storm Water Into Any Sanitary
Sewer After January 1.

In order to tide the city over the present financial difficulty until the question of making temporary loan or bond issue is settled, the council voted last night to negotiate a loan of \$20,000. It was stated at the meeting that all of this amount would probably not be needed, but it was deemed advisable to borrow this sum for under the law the city can make a loan only when the others are paid.

Buse, chairman of the finance committee, introduced an ordinance providing for a loan of \$10,000 at six per cent. interest to pay the general expenses of the city, but when it was explained that it would not be possible to make an additional loan later until the first loan had been wiped out, the council voted to increase the loan to \$20,000. Under the provision of the ordinance it will not be necessary to make all the loan at one time but the notes can be drawn by the mayor and city treasurer for the sums needed provided of course the total does not exceed the limit named in the ordinance.

In discussing the advisability of making the loan, several of the councilmen expressed their opinions regarding the temporary loan and bond issue and it appeared that the council was pretty evenly divided upon this proposition. After considerable discussion it was decided to take the matter up at a special meeting next Tuesday evening, and an invitation is given to the public to attend the meeting at that time and give their views upon the subject.

Mayor Swope and all the councilmen were present at the meeting Thursday night and some important questions were presented and an ordinance affecting many property owners in this city was introduced.

Sherman Day introduced a resolution, following the report of the city engineer upon the progress made on the improvement on Ewing street, providing that the contractors be given certificates for sixty-five per cent. of the work done. The engineer's report showed that the approximate value of the work between Fifth and Third streets amounted to \$4,459.13 and as sixty-five per cent of that is approximately \$2,900, the council voted to issue certificates for that amount.

Davison introduced a resolution which prohibits the draining of storm water into any sanitary sewer in the city. This resolution was prepared upon the advice of the council as it is believed that the sanitary sewers of the city are being overtaxed by the large amount of surplus water which is drained into them. It is thought that if the surface water is drained to the open ditches the city

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THIS COUPON is worth
to You 35 Cents

Sign your name and present at our
Drug Dept. with 15c and get one 50c
box of Madame Isebell's Exquisite
Face Powder.

Present at once (before supply is exhausted) with 15c and
get our full-size 50-cent box of
MME. ISEBELL'S EXQUISITE
FACE POWDER.

SIGN NAME HERE

Present at The ANDREWS DRUG CO.

Andrews Drug Co.
The Rexall Store
Registered Pharmacists. Phone 633.

GUARD WENT INSANE.

Amanda Davis, of Shoals, Lost Mind
While Working at Hospital.

Several days ago, Amanda Davis, twenty-two years old, of Shoals, applied at the Central Insane hospital for a place as guard. She furnished good recommendations from the officers at Shoals and was appointed. Sunday night she was seized with a fit of insanity at the hospital and threatened to do bodily harm to other guards and patients.

She was immediately placed in a camisole or straight-jacket. She had worked as a guard about ten days and had conducted herself in a perfectly rational manner, say the officers of the hospital.

Upon investigation, officers learned she recently had been discharged as a patient from the Southern Indiana Insane hospital at Evansville. She was perfectly rational during her term of employment at the Central hospital until Sunday evening. She gradually became worse and was hard to handle. Officers at the Evansville hospital have been notified to come and get her.

FIELD EXAMINERS
START WORK HERE

T. V. Thomas and E. P. Brennan of
Accounting Board to Pass Upon
Records of School Board.

COMMEND THE BOOKKEEPING

Declare That Accounts Are Kept in
Much Better Form Than in
Many Other Cities.

Two field examiners, T. V. Thomas and E. P. Brennan, of the state board of accounts, dropped into Seymour this morning and are examining the records and books of the school board. They were assigned by the accounting board several weeks ago to look into the books of the various school boards of the state and have made an examination in a number of cities. As this is the first examination of the books of the local school board by the accounts board, the records will be examined for a number of years back and the examiners were not able to say just when the examination would be completed.

The examiners stated this morning that the school records in some of the cities were in bad condition and that it required a large amount of work to ascertain just how the records stood.

After checking up some of the records of the local school board, Messrs. Thomas and Brennan said that the books were kept in much better condition than found in many cities and this indicated that they would have little trouble in verifying the different accounts. They will remain here until the examination is completed, but will not look into the records or books of the city or township officials on this trip. The city accounts have never been examined by the state board of accounts, but it would not be surprising if two of the examiners would unexpectedly walk into the city building some morning for that purpose.

The examiners said that it was sur-

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REPORT IS GIVEN
ON COUNTY ASYLUM

Board of Charities and Correction
Found Everything in Excellent
Order Last Month.

JAIL WAS "ABOUT AS USUAL"

Lockup at Crothersville Found to be
in Bad Condition With Several
Windows Broken.

In the regular report of the state board of charities and correction a report is given upon the Jackson county poor farm and jail and also upon the jail or lockup at Crothersville. The reports were favorable upon the two institutions except the lockup at Crothersville.

It was reported that the poor asylum was found in a clean and wholesome manner and that the inmates were contented. The crops were good, with exception of the wheat and there is an abundance of fruit. The jail was satisfactory with the exception of some broken water pipes which permitted the water to run over the floor.

The Crothersville lockup was given the worst rap at it was stated that the windows were broken, the plastering down in several places and kindling wood was scattered about the floor. From the report it seems that the jail is not used frequently for only one man has been placed inside within the past six months, and then only for one night.

The report is as follows:

POOR ASYLUM—Visited August 12, 1912. Found everything in excellent order, the inmates clean and well contented. Population 31; 14 women, 12 men, 4 girls and 1 boy. Two of the girls are twin babies for whom the superintendent has been trying to find homes, and the other two girls and the boy will probably go into the Odd Fellows' Home at Greensburg, as application has already been made. The crops, except the wheat, have been very good. The hay was excellent. There is abundant fruit of all kind and the garden is one of the very best. The superintendent has material on hand for concrete steps to take the place of the old wooden ones at the south of house, and they are also going to paint the women's ward in the second story. Help is furnished by the county, one man and two women. An excellent record is kept.

COUNTY JAIL—Visited August 12, 1912. Found everything about as usual. Population, 7 men, 5 serving sentence and 2 awaiting trial. There are some things that should be looked after before it is too late. Last winter the pipes froze and burst and now every once in awhile the water runs all over the house. There is no occupation for the prisoners.

LOCKUP, CROTHERSVILLE—This is in a very disorderly condition. Glass has been broken from the windows and the fragments are lying on the floor. On one side considerable plastering has fallen and is lying in a heap. Kindling wood is scattered all around. There have been no prisoners here for six months and then only one for one night. This is as often as there are prisoners confined there.

DREAMLAND

No. 1 "Wanted: A Grandmother"
(VITAGRAPH DRAMA)

No. 2 "THE MAGIC WAND"
(ESSANAY JUVENILE)

No. 3 "THE LITTLE KEEPER of
the LIGHT" Kalem Drama

Matinee Saturday Afternoon as
Usual From 2:30 till 4:30 p. m.

MAJESTIC

DUPEES & KAYNE
Singing, Talking, Dancing and character change.

A "YOUNG WILD WEST WASHING
GOLD" (Nestor)

B "BETTY THE COXSAIN" (Imp)
C "GRANDPA" (Reliance)

Prices, Lower Floor 10c. Balcony 5c.
Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p. m.
This is \$5.00 night, everybody come.

FORTY-TWO WANTED
TEMPORARY LOAN

Poll of Fifty Tax Payers Showed
That Eight Were in Favor of a
Bond Issue by City.

MEETING TUESDAY NIGHT

Means of Raising Money to Pay for
Street Improvements Will Be
Taken Up at That Time.

Would a temporary loan or bond issue be the most economical means at this time to raise the money needed by the city to pay its part of the street improvements? This is the question which is now confronting the council and which is of considerable interest to every taxpayer in the city. Some of the improvements have already been completed and all of them will be finished in a few weeks and some manner must be devised by which the contractors can be paid.

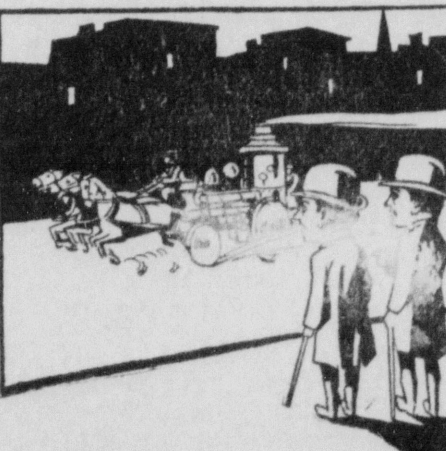
The subject was discussed in a general way at the council meeting last night but it appears that the councilmen are divided upon which course would be the better. The question will be given further consideration Tuesday night and the councilmen are desirous of having all persons interested to attend the meeting and express their views.

The matter has been given much attention by the business men of the city and while both plans are favored it seems that the big majority of taxpayers and business men are in favor of the temporary loan. A representative of the Republican, this morning, inquired of fifty business men and taxpayers which plan they favored and out of the fifty forty-two were in favor of the temporary loan while eight desired that bonds be issued.

It will probably be necessary to raise about \$12,000 and it has been suggested that by raising the tax levy to what it was two years ago most of the indebtedness could be lifted next year and under all probability could be entirely wiped out in two years. Those who favor the temporary loan declare that there is no need of paying interest on a large sum of money for a long term of years when the debt could be paid off in installments and the interest reduced with each payment. They point out that it is a matter of business principle and that the council should make every effort to save all the interest possible. They also say that if the bonds were issued it would be necessary for them to run at least five years and while the interest would probably amount to 4 per cent. it would be necessary to pay the interest for the entire length of time even though the city had sufficient funds in order to lift the issue before it became due.

On the other hand those who favor the bond issue reply that under all probability the city would not be able to lift very much of the indebtedness during the next two or three years and that by floating bonds for a period of five years 2 per cent. could be saved. They also say that under all probability the city will find it necessary to improve quite a number of streets again next year and that if the bonds are not issued now it will

(Continued on page 8, column 5.)



You can rest assured that your property is insured in GOOD COMPANIES every time you hear the fire alarm, if WE place the insurance.

The insurance policy is just as good as the company behind it, no more, no less—if the company is strong and properly managed, you'll enjoy prompt settlement of your losses—otherwise, in all probability, not.

Our companies will stand investigation on any of these features.
FRED EVERBACK AGENCY CO.
Office over Loertz Drug Store.

TURNED TURTLE

Automobile Driven by Dr. P. A. Kendall in an Accident.

Dr. P. A. Kendall, of Crothersville, had an accident with his automobile in which a small boy was injured.

The Crothersville Herald has the following story regarding the mishap: The sticking of the steering gear, on Dr. P. A. Kendall's automobile as he wanted to turn on to the State Ford bridge, about two miles east of town, caused the car to go over the embankment.

Dr. Kendall and daughter, Arnell, were going to his farm over in Scott county and on overtaking three small boys along the road the doctor showed his usual kindness and asked the boys to ride. This they did. Just as he aimed to turn on to the bridge he learned this his steering gear was stuck making it impossible for him to make the turn. He at once applied his emergency brakes but in spite of all, the machine went over the embankment throwing all occupants out of the car as it turned over, injuring only one of the boys and damaging the auto slightly.

MOTORCYCLE RACE
WAS BIG SUCCESS

George Meyers, of Dubuque, Iowa, a
Professional Racer, Wins Over
Ed Peterman, of Seymour.

BIG CROWD ATTENDING TODAY

Track is in Fairly Good Condition and
Two Good Races Were Held.—
Association Pleased.

Another big crowd attended the fair at Crothersville today and several thousand people witnessed the races at the grounds this afternoon. The fair has been pronounced the most successful one ever held by the association and although there were several conditions which served as a handicap, they were overcome and Crothersville people are pleased with the results. Two races were held this afternoon, the 2:23 trot for a purse of \$150 and the 2:30 pace for a purse of \$125.

The entries in the 2:23 trot were as follows:

Katie Kinney, J. Taslinger, owner and driver.

Bob Brown, J. F. Fowler, owner and driver.

Francis K., J. McKinney, owner and driver.

Governor Bond, L. Casey, owner and driver.

Francis G., I. A. Cox, owner and driver.

Entries in the 2:30 pace were as follows:

Lou Bell, J. Strickland owner.

Seuman driver.

Henry Wilkers, I. A. Cox, owner and driver.

Banquet, Bert Covert, owner and driver.

Joe Chilton, C. Hammond, owner.

Bacon driver.

Virtuoso, H. J. Coleman, owner and driver.

Corona Boy, Noble Hays, owner and driver.

(Continued on page 5, column 3)

Speaking
of Shoes

A decision to buy R. & H. school shoes carries with it among other things assurance of:

1st. The best leather to be had. They tan their own leather.

2nd. The best appearance, for appearance is what sells shoes.

3rd. The best quality for any given price for quality brings the customer back.

Leather appearance and quality is the answer to why Rice & Hutchins are the largest manufacturers of shoes in the world.

ROSS-SHOES

Gold Mine is Opposite Us.

JAPAN PLUNGED
INTO MOURNING

Funeral Services of the Late Emperor
Mutsuhito Began Today.—
Continues Three Days.

MANY PRIESTS PARTICIPATE

Services at Night, That Being the
Time For Rest and Peace and Also
For Deepest Mourning.

Tokio, Sept. 13.—The funeral of the late Emperor Mutsuhito of Japan began here this morning at six o'clock and the entire nation will be plunged in deepest mourning for the next three days, until the last service will have ended. The Emperor Yoshihito and the empress dowager were present at the services this morning, but there will be another ceremony this evening, which they will not attend.

The line of the procession which will be a very long one, is to be interspersed with musicians, torch bearers and officials carrying emblems, while many priests also will participate.

The coffin containing the body of the late emperor is to be drawn by a team of oxen.

It is the imperial custom that the funerals of the members of the royal family are held during the night. The night is the time for rest and peace, and the night is the time for deep mourning. The service is simple. The high priest of the Shinto will make a lengthy prayer for the spirit of the late emperor and every word will be the old Japanese word and no modern language will be used.

NEW CORN CRIB

G. H. Anderson Will Make Improvements at His Elevator.

G. H. Anderson is contemplating a number of improvements at his elevator on North Chestnut street and has made arrangements to erect a large crib for storing ear corn. He returned from Illinois Thursday evening having been in that state to purchase an elevating machine which he will use to unload corn into the crib. He was delayed on his trip home as a wrecking train in front of the passenger train, upon which he was a passenger, was wrecked and the track was blocked for about an hour.

Mr. Anderson has found the grain business very good here and the improvements are necessary in order to take care of his increasing business. It is expected that the corn crop will be one of the largest ever harvested in this county and as he is expecting to handle a large part of it, he is making the improvements at this time.

Anna Surenkamp Dead.

Miss Anna Surenkamp, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Surenkamp, died Thursday evening at her home near Sauers. When she was ten years old she was severely shocked by lightning while on her way to school one morning during a storm, and was rendered totally blind and left in a nervous condition. She never fully recovered. The funeral services will be held Monday from the Sauers German Lutheran church conducted by Rev. Mr. Pohlman.

ROUND TRIP
EXCURSIONS

Every Saturday and Sunday
Seymour to Louisville \$1.25
and Jeffersonville \$1.20

VIA
I. & L. Traction Co.

Tickets sold good going on any train on Saturdays and Sundays, and good returning on any train until Monday.

NICKELO

Professor Murray Daniels, the blind musician of Kentucky, will play the piano tonight at the Nickelo, accompanied by song.

1st "Pathe's Weekly Review No. 33"
(Topical)

2nd "THE TYROLIAN DOLL"
(Pathe Comedy)

3rd "The Minister and the Outlaw"
(Western Drama)
ADMISSION FIVE CENTS.

Doll Servants of Corpse



So rapidly is the far east being westernized that there can be no doubt that in very few years to come such Oriental ceremonies as that here illustrated will be merely things of memory. The photograph was taken on the occasion of the recent burial of Princess Tsin, sister of one of the most important members of the Chinese Imperial family. The funeral procession passing through the Tartar City, Peking, was an extraordinary sight. The body, in a heavy coffin, under a silken canopy, was borne by twenty-four coolies, and accompanied by money-bearers, whose duty it was to distribute "cash" that the dead princess' passage to the other world might be fittingly paid. Also in the procession were the "servants" shown in the photograph, large dolls of paper and bamboo, holding the tea bowl, tea pot, and pipe of their mistress. These were burnt at the cemetery during the final ceremony.

LONDON'S WONDERFUL BEAST



Residents of London and visitors to that city are wondering just how to classify the two quaint beasts in stone that have been placed outside the entrance to the new King Edward VII. gallery at the British museum. They seem to be a cross between the British lion and the Sphinx and are admittedly not an artistic success.

OCTOPUS GRIPPED DIVER

A naval diver at Toulon, France, was suddenly attacked by a giant octopus while under water in the harbor. He gave the hoisting signal and was hauled to the surface together with the octopus, whose tentacles, said to be 25 feet long, were wrapped around him. The diver was unconscious. The octopus held fast to the diver until it was stabbed to death. It weighed 135 pounds, and the suckers on its tentacles were a trifle larger than silver dollars.

NO GRASS ON HIS GRAVE

A strange story comes from Watauga county, North Carolina, just across the Blue Ridge from east Tennessee. It is told by the editor of a weekly newspaper, who says that while attending a burial in a cemetery recently his attention was called to a grave entirely bare of grass and apparently as hard packed on the surface as the dirt in a public highway. He was told this grave contained the dust of man named Hatton, who died forty or more years ago. "Although all these years have elapsed," said the editor, "not a sprig of grass or a flower of any kind has grown upon the grave." He inquired the cause and the mountain folk explained that the man buried there was extremely profane and died with curses on his lips.

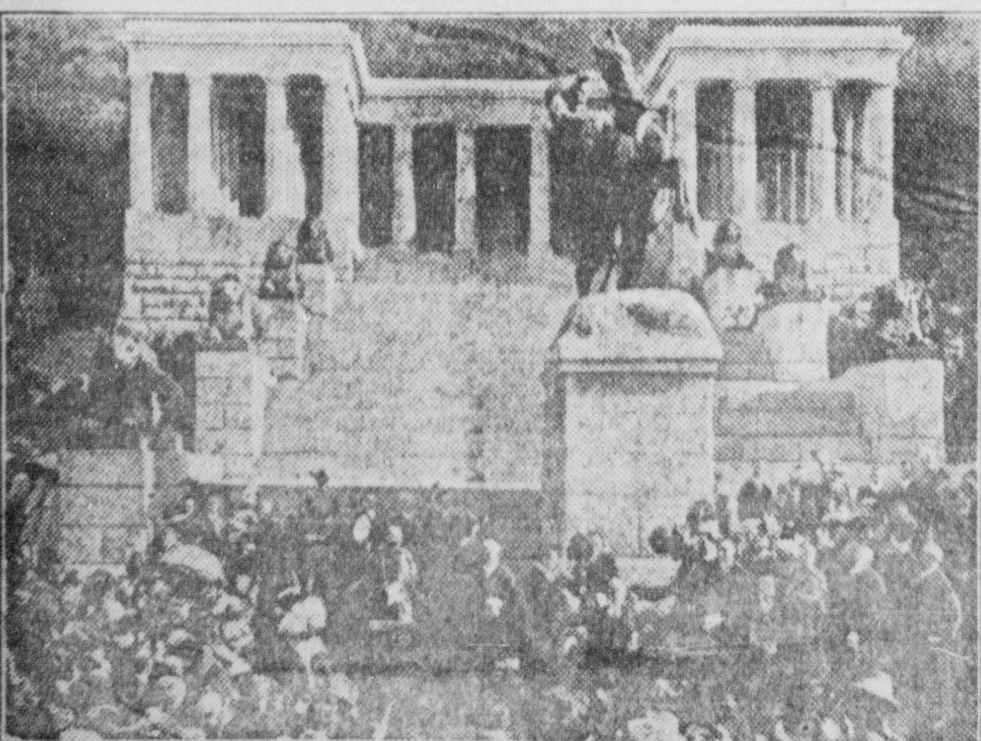
KING OF THE LOBSTERS

The largest lobster sent to Fulton market, New York city, in many years was received in the fish stall of John Dias. Weighing 31 pounds and measuring 24 inches in all, with claws 13 inches in length, this titan crustacean—one of a family of three—was, indeed, a sight worth seeing. His mate, weighing 20 pounds and measuring 18 inches, carried off second honors, while the offspring weighed 11 pounds and was 15 inches in length.

PIG COMMITS SUICIDE

Among the suicides chronicled in the papers as being due to the heat is that of a pig. It was found head downward in a brook on the state farm at Windsor, Conn.

Memorial to Cecil Rhodes



Rarely has there been a more appropriate memorial than that erected in honor of Cecil Rhodes on his favorite spot on the slopes of Table Mountain. The temple carries out a dream of Rhodes' own, and in its massive simplicity emphasizes his ideal of power, as Watts' statue of "Physical Energy," erected at the bottom of the steps, symbolizes great deeds done and great deeds still to be achieved. The eight lions are the work of the late J. M. Swan, R. A. The temple is of the granite of Table Mountain, and there is a bust of Rhodes inside the structure. The illustration shows the dedication of the memorial by Lord Grey.

WATER TURKEY OF FLORIDA

In the Indian river region of Florida are to be seen islands green with man grove bushes down to the water's edge. The scene is animated by the presence of many water fowls—pelicans, gallinules, water turkeys, cormorants and fish crows—feeding on the island, together with smaller numbers of gulls, terns, vultures, ospreys and man-o-war hawks, swooping, skimming and sailing in the air above. In all this array of bird life there is no more curious and interesting creature than the water turkey, which is sometimes called the snake bird.

As the stranger gazes upon this scene he is sometimes apt to think he sees a queer snake wriggling out of the water several feet into the air. If he grabs his gun and fires it is probable that a part of the supposed snake will drop upon the water, while the other part takes wing and flies away.

The stranger wonders whether the snake dropped the bird or the bird the snake. The explanation is quite simple. A snake bird, or water turkey (Ptilinopus aninga), swimming with its long neck only out of the water, had the snake in its bill and the snake was dropped when the gun was fired.

The water turkey has been called the most preposterous bird within the range of ornithology. "He is not a bird," says one authority, "he is a neck, with such subordinate rights, members, appurtenances and hereditaments thereto appertaining as seem necessary to that end. He has just enough stomach to arrange nourishment for his neck, just enough wings to fly painfully along with his neck, and just enough legs to keep his neck from dragging on the ground; and his neck is light colored, while the rest of him is black."

HORSE KICKS UP 148 COINS

A horse kicked a remarkable treasure trove into view on John McEwen's farm on the Canadian side of the St. Lawrence river, near Ogdensburg, N. Y. Six pieces of silver flow from the horse's hoof when the animal was being driven across a field. The driver jumped into the horse's tracks and, digging with his hands, turned up 148 coins—three Spanish pieces, one British, one five-franc piece, and 143 United States half dollars.

By English law treasure trove goes to the crown, so the coins have been turned over to the police. They date from 1805 to 1828 and they were found buried in straight rows standing on edge, only three inches under ground.

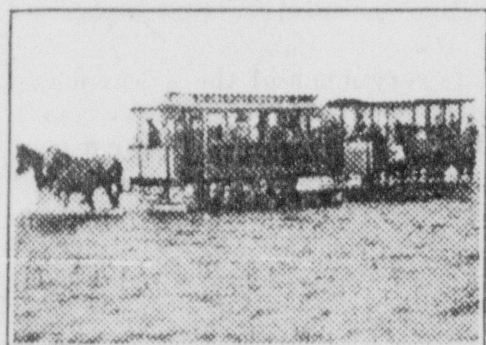
Workmen who built the Rideau canal were paid in American silver, it being part of the indemnity paid by the United States to Great Britain. This money was sent to the canal district in kegs, some of which were stolen and never recovered. It is believed the money found is some of that lost eighty years ago.

SECRET OF OASIS REVEALED

The opening of railway communication from a point near Luxor into the Libyan desert has rendered easy of access the celebrated oasis of Khargeh, long regarded as a typical example of these isolated centers of life.

For some time past certain scientists have, while actually residing there, been studying the phenomena of springs, moving sands, wells, and so forth. It appears from their investigations that the Libyan oases are deep depressions in a lofty plateau that has a maximum elevation of nearly 2,000 feet, but that the bottom of the oases are only from one hundred to three hundred feet above sea level. They are underlaid by beds of sandstone, which are the sources of the water supply.

NOVEL HORSE CAR RAILWAY



At Langeoog, one of the string of East Frisian islands in the North sea off the coast of Germany, there is a decidedly novel tramway. As visitors can only reach this island from the mainland by boats at high water a horse tramway service has been established by means of which tourists are conveyed the intervening distance of about four miles when the tide is low as shown in the view.

FISH THAT TAKE COLD

Fish are not equipped to combat rapid changes in temperature because the temperature of the water in the ocean, lakes and rivers beneath the surface remains virtually stable. Some fish, such as carp and trout, when taken from warm water and placed in water several degrees colder take cold.

The cold attacks the skin and the fin and various portions of the skin present a cracked, ridgelike appearance. If returned to warm water the fish usually recover, but sometimes the disease, which seems to be a sort of eczema, eats into the muscles of the fish and proves mortal.

HIS COFFIN WAS IN PAWN

A man who has just died at Prague left instructions that his coffin would be found at a pawnshop.

MOST SOUTHERLY INDUSTRY

What is possibly the most southerly industry in the world, writes Consul Henry J. Baker of Hobart, Tasmania, is being carried on at the Macquarie Islands, about halfway between Tasmania and the Antarctic continent, in the capture of the penguins for their oil. Macquarie Island belongs to the state of Tasmania and has an area of about 25,000 acres, being about 25 miles long and 5 miles wide. The island has been leased by the Tasmanian government to Joseph Hatch, who has established the penguin oil industry there.

There are probably 80,000,000 penguins on the island, so that the stock to be drawn from seems almost limitless. There are also a large number of sea elephants about the shores of this island. The oil is obtained from the penguins by boiling the carcasses in digesters capable of dealing with 800 birds at a time. The oil is placed in barrels and sold to binder twine makers in Australia and New Zealand.

Macquarie Island is about 750 miles southeast of Hobart. The island is barren, being covered only with tussocky grass. Whaling ships visiting there have introduced rabbits and Maori hens, which are now quite prolific. The Mawson Antarctic expedition from Australia has established a wireless station there, and daily messages are being received at Hobart.

LAST OF THE ABORIGINES



About one year ago a wild man was caught in California and identified as the last survivor of the Southern Yana tribe of Indians that had been almost wiped out by massacre in 1865. The name of "Isht," meaning "man" in the Yana dialect, was given to him because he would not tell his real name. He was taken to the University museum in San Francisco, and there they have been trying to civilize him. Isht has as good a head as the average American, but he is unspeakably ignorant. He knows nothing, or knew nothing six months ago, of hours and years, of money and labor and pay, of government and authority, of newspapers and business, of the other thousands of things that make up our life. In short, he has really lived in the Stone Age. His face is as clean of beard as when he was discovered and has not been touched by a razor. This is not a racial characteristic, but the result of his substitute for shaving. He pulls out his beard hairs one by one as soon as they emerge—a habit formerly universal among all tribes on the continent, but less frequently practiced today. In this connection he manifests a peculiar personal refinement: he never follows the habit when in company.

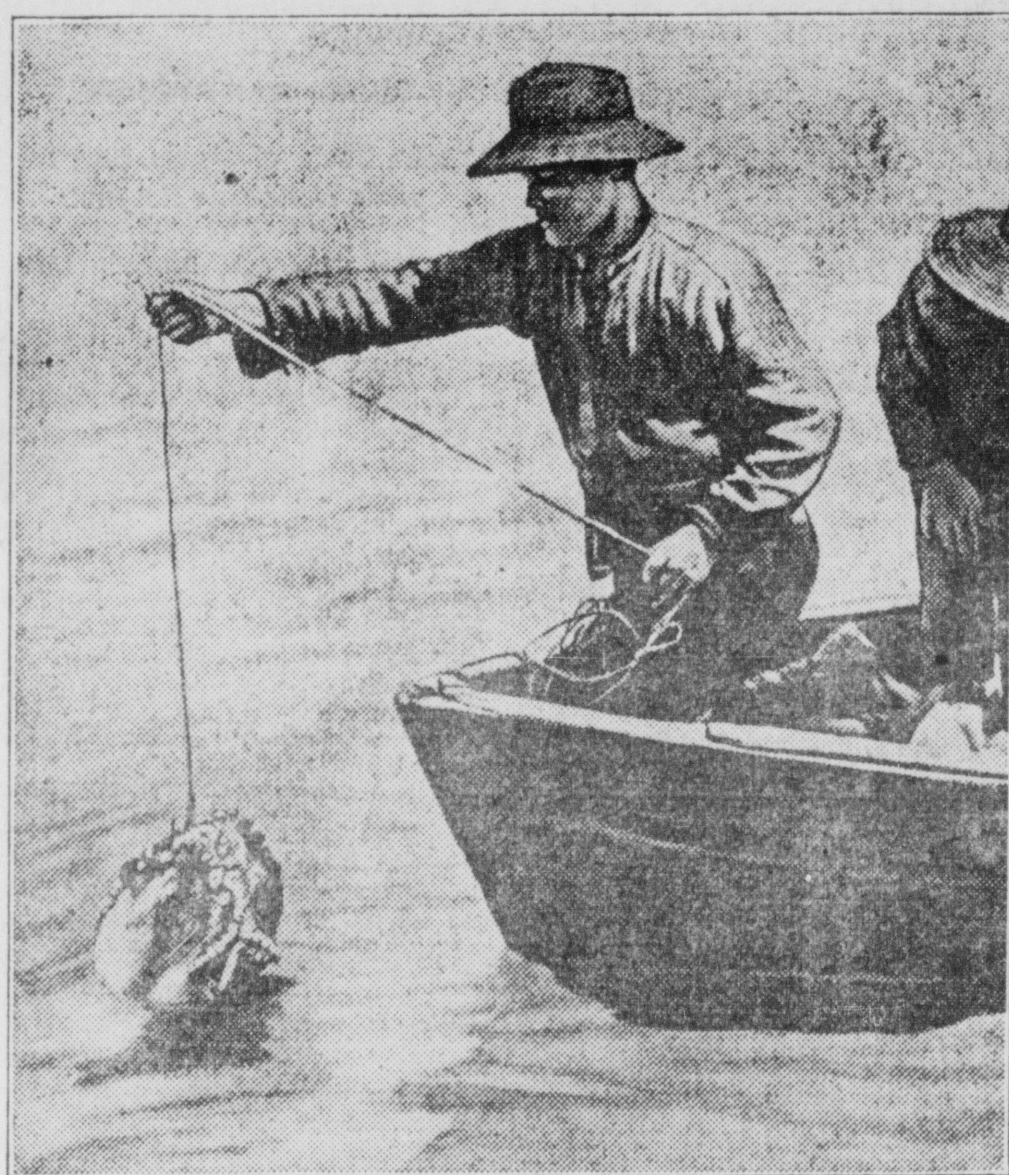
PLOWSHARE IN TREE'S HEART

With the tree grown around and entirely covering it, perhaps many years ago, a steel plowshare nearly 20 inches long was found imbedded in the heart of an old tree which William Brunnell and Daniel Scannell were cutting down in front of their home in Collingdale, Pa. The tree, more than nine feet in circumference, had outgrown its usefulness and Scannell and Brunnell started to cut it down, but after getting about half through their axes struck metal. Curious to know just what was in the center of the tree, both men attacked the trunk lower down and after several hours' work sent the upper part of the tree crashing to the ground, exposing to view a steel plowshare. The plowshare was upright and probably had been laid in a crotch of the tree many years ago and forgotten. The tree is probably 100 years old.

GETS TEETH IN OIL WELL

While drilling an oil well on the farm of Frank Engles, near Sapulpa, Okla., peculiar looking specimens were brought up from a depth of 65 feet. Small particles were examined under a powerful glass, which proved them to be bits of teeth. It is believed by local physicians, who made the examination, that the remains of a human being were found by the drill and that it is an old burying ground of prehistoric man. A local geologist declared it would have taken more than a thousand years to fill earth and rock to a depth of 65 feet, at that particular spot.

Fishing With an Octopus



The accompanying photograph represents what might aptly be termed fishing extraordinary. Suda bay, off the coast of Crete, is frequently used by the British fleet in the Mediterranean for gunnery practice. During the ships' stay in these waters it often occurs that such articles as dishes, plates, basins and the like are lost from them and lie at the bottom of the sea. The natives, anxious to retrieve the articles for their own use, adopt an ingenious method of obtaining them. Having located the lost article by means of a kind of sea-telescope, they lower a captive octopus, which, alighting on the object, immediately encircles it with its tentacles. The octopus is then drawn up still clinging to the lost article. The photograph shows the octopus with a plate.

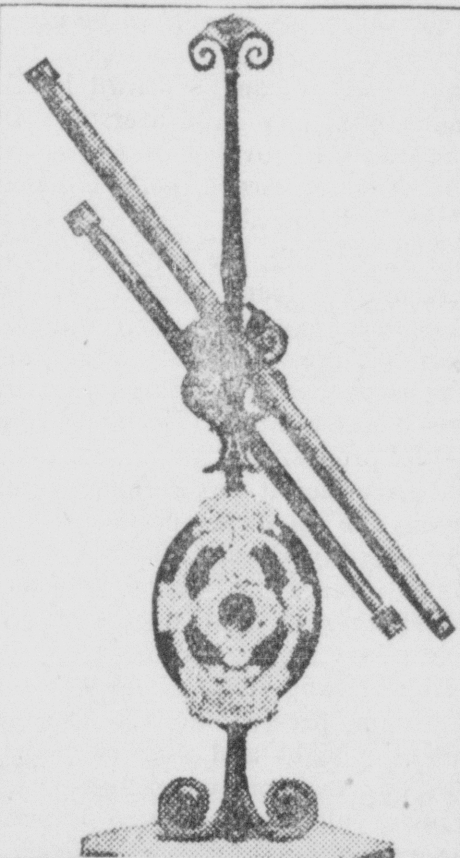
NO WATER FOR THREE YEARS

Some interesting stories of exploration in the Sonora desert of Mexico, parts of which no white man had ever penetrated, were recently related by Dr. Karl Lumholtz to the Royal Geographical society. Dr. Lumholtz said that scarcity of water was the great problem. The strange thing was that the flora and fauna did not seem to suffer from this aridity. In spite of the lack of rain during the winter previous to his visit to the sand dunes, during spring, he found at one place an astonishing growth of flowers, through which they traveled for nearly three miles; and it had been found by actual experiment that small rodents of arid regions had been able to live for two or three years on hard seeds without water. The conditions in the sand dunes near the coast were, it possible, even more remarkable. Here, as soon as the uncertain rains of winter had made the plants "green," as the Mexicans say, the cattle and horses were driven there and remained three months—from February to the end of May—absolutely without water. In his travels it was the usual thing during the winter time for the animals to go without water every second day.

LEOPARD STOLEN IN LONDON

Not every man would have the nerve to steal a wild animal from a zoo, and yet a case of stealing a leopard has been brought to the attention of the London police, and every port was watched to prevent the thief or thieves from taking their capture across the channel. The animal is an eight-weeks-old leopard, which has been since its birth the mascot of the Bostock jungle at the White City. During the day time it has been placed in an open box near the entrance, where it was easily accessible to any who might care to touch it. An attendant has been with the leopard at all times until late one evening, when he left the place for a moment. When the attendant returned to replace the leopard in the cage with its mother he found it had disappeared. A thorough search of the ground failed to bring any results and the police were immediately notified.

GALILEO'S OWN TELESCOPE

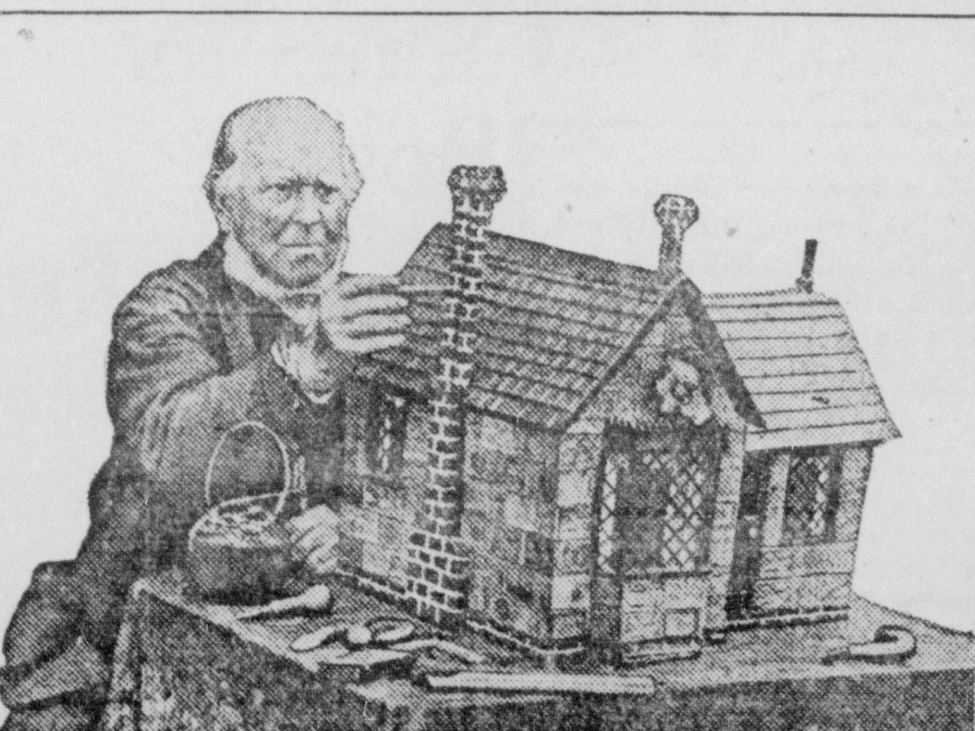


The primitive telescope here shown was invented and used by Galileo, the famous astronomer who discovered Jupiter's satellites in 1610, noted the "mountains" of the moon and remarked the sun's spots. The old instrument has an honored place in the museum at Florence.

NO FORESTS IN CHINA

There are no forests in China, says the American consul general at Tientsin. Forestry is a subject in which the Chinese evince no interest. The Great Plain, on which Tientsin is located, never had forests, being entirely of delta formation, and the mountainous regions to the north and west were denuded of their forests centuries ago. A British mining and shipping corporation has begun the work of afforestation, and has a million young trees growing, but there are no government forestry officials, schools of forestry or horticulture, magazines devoted to these subjects or associations of foresters, nurserymen, seedsmen, etc., in China.

Houses Made of Match Boxes



Here is a picture of John Wood, an aged pensioner of Essex, England, who makes toy houses out of match boxes as a recreation and incidentally to eke out his allowance from the government by selling his really remarkable creations to visitors.

FUGITIVE TAKES BRIDE WITH HIM

The Latest Exploit of Young Orville Hodgson.

POSED AS A MILLIONAIRE

Hartford City Forger Who Has Successfully Eluded Police of Three Cities. Now Is Reported to Have Made His Latest Getaway With a Bride, a Louisville Girl, Whose Family Accepted Him as a Man of Wealth.

Hartford City, Ind., Sept. 13.—Word comes that the young man believed to be Orville Hodgson of this city, who is wanted at Frankfort and Indianapolis on forgery charges and with rewards of \$1,150 outstanding for him, was married Tuesday in Covington, Ky., to Miss Hattie Bainbridge of Louisville.

The forger plunged into matrimony less than twenty-four hours after he had wriggled through the fingers of the officers of the law in Louisville. He had been arrested after trying to cash a check for \$1,750 at the Southern National bank, which he had persuaded a Shelbyville (Ky.) bank to give him in part exchange for a \$2,750 check, to which he is accused of forging the name of a Shelbyville (Ky.) firm.

He hurried to Louisville in his automobile to cash the check, but while he was negotiating it a telephone message came from Shelbyville and he was arrested after an exciting chase. He engaged attorneys who obtained the low bond of \$300 for him. He put up the bond, gave the attorneys his automobile and disappeared. The forger had been living in Louisville several weeks posing as a New York millionaire, and had made the acquaintance of Miss Bainbridge. Monday afternoon he was to attend a picnic with the Bainbridge family, but he telephoned that afternoon that he had been called to Cincinnati.

Monday night Miss Bainbridge went to Cincinnati on a shopping tour with Miss Anna Hays. Tuesday she met the man supposed to be Hodgson there and they were married by the Rev. N. H. Carlisle in Covington. Miss Hays returned home and brought the marriage certificate to the parents of Miss Bainbridge, who in the meantime had discovered that their daughter's husband is a forger and is distressed over her marriage. Miss Hays says she had no idea that Miss Bainbridge was to be married. Where the two are now no one knows.

JURY DISAGREED

Suit to Quiet Title to Valuable Lands a Mistrial.

Michigan City, Ind., Sept. 13.—A jury in the superior court reported a disagreement in the case instituted by Mrs. Drusilla Carr of Miller, Lake county, to quiet the title to 350 acres of land near Gary in her name. Mrs. Carr contended that she owned the land by adverse possession and her right to the property was not disputed until recently. The land, practically worthless before Gary was built, is now worth \$52,500. Last spring, after a trial lasting a month, title to land on the lake shore near Gary, worth \$250,000, was given Mrs. Carr.

Will Test the "Pug" Law.

Laporte, Ind., Sept. 13.—Prosecuting Attorney Smith stated that on the filing of affidavits of witnesses criminal action would be brought against Charles Parnell and Philadelphia Red, principals in a boxing exhibition held in a barn at Pine Lake a few days ago. There was a big crowd present, and Smith says that if the fighters received any money for the show they are liable. It is understood that this bout was put on to test the situation here in preparation for big bouts, which are to be put on by a local club on Thanksgiving day.

A Muscular Test of Religion.

Hammond, Ind., Sept. 13.—Asserting that he was a more religious man than either L. Radick or Steve Thomas, Sam Karber challenged them to a battle with chairs at Indiana Harbor. The three men fought, and bystanders were unable to separate them until the arrival of the police. Policeman Clyde Spencer was attacked by two of the fighters with chairs and would have been killed but for the arrival of help.

This Thief Was Nervy.

South Bend, Ind., Sept. 13.—While Anders Hansen, day police sergeant, slept, a thief, who evidently knew of Hansen's habit of carrying large sums of money, crept into his home and robbed him of between \$300 and \$400. The money was taken from a pocket of Hansen's trousers, which hung less than eight feet from the bed where the policeman and his wife were sleeping.

Took Letter to Heart.

Hammond, Ind., Sept. 13.—Mrs. N. Buelock, a bride of a week, whose husband is a wireless telegrapher, of Milwaukee, killed herself at Hobart, a few miles east of this city. She was Miss Clifford of Valparaiso, an attractive girl of wealthy parents. By the side of the body was found a letter from her husband stating that he had lost his job and was going to "beat it."

JOHN A. DIX

Governor of New York Gets Cold Shoulder From Wilson.



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GIBSON THINKS HE'LL SOON BE AT LIBERTY

Accused Lawyer Confident of the Outcome.

Middletown, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Brought into the county where he must answer to a charge of the murder of Mrs. Rose Menschik Szabo, Burton W. Gibson very calmly went over his whole relationship with the woman, described the tragedy, asserted that he had a perfect defense and expressed entire confidence that he will soon be at liberty. He said that the Mrs. Szabo who was drowned was not the Vienna Mrs. Szabo, the countess, and he will prove it by the mother, who is now in New York. He says he will prove by several witnesses that the woman he produces is the woman introduced to him by his client as her mother, and in whose favor Mrs. Szabo's will was made. His relationship toward her, he says, was that of lawyer and client. He went to Greenwood lake with her to assist her in selecting a quiet resort where she might spend several weeks. Mrs. Szabo, or Mrs. Ritter, as Gibson calls her, arose in the boat, which was round-bottomed, and fell overboard, and he went over with her, Gibson says. When he went to her assistance she grappled with him and with her arms around his neck and her legs around his waist, he went to the bottom of the lake with her. He used only sufficient force at the bottom of the lake to free himself, and he does not remember whether she came to the surface afterward. He did not strike her a blow which would have inflicted any fatal or incapacitating injury, he says.

They Select San Francisco.

Indianapolis, Sept. 13.—The general grand chapter, Royal Arch Masons, in session here, selected San Francisco as the meeting place of the next triennial convocation, which will be held in 1915.

TERSE TELEGRAMS

The resignation of R. M. Valentine of Massachusetts as commissioner of Indian affairs has been accepted by the president.

Oscar T. Taylor of Pittsburg was elected commander-in-chief of the United Spanish War Veterans at the Atlantic City encampment.

Mrs. Jack Johnson, white wife of the colored champion prize fighter, is dead at Chicago from a gunshot wound in the head inflicted with suicidal intent.

The American motor boat Detroit, which made the trip across the Atlantic some months ago, has arrived at Cronstadt on her way to St. Petersburg.

President Taft will be fifty-five years old on next Sunday and will celebrate the day at the home of Miss Delia C. Torrey, his aged aunt, at Milbury, Mass.

There is a boom growing for William G. McAdoo, acting chairman of the Democratic national committee, for the nomination for governor of New York.

Sharp warnings that they must not permit firing across the border into settlements on United States soil have been sent by the war department to all the Mexican federal and rebel commanders who have taken up positions along the border.

General Daniel E. Sickles, whose name has been used extensively by the "Guardians of Liberty" organization as its chief guardian, has decided to follow General Horatio C. King out of that organization as soon as he can find somebody to accept his resignation.

In his promotion to the rank of major, just announced at the war department, Charles Young of the Ninth cavalry, a negro, becomes the first of his race to attain that grade in the regular army of the United States. He is now attached to the American legation at Monrovia, Liberia.

NEGRO TROOPS GIVE TROUBLE

The Ninth Cavalry Create a Row at Douglas.

ALL NEGROES WERE DISARMED

Border Townspeople Now Are Fearing Their Own Troops About as Much as the Mexican Rebels Who Threaten to Shoot Across the River From Agua Prieta—Negro Troops Said to Be Threatening Trouble.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 13.—The Mexican federal garrison at Agua Prieta, Sonora, opposite Douglas, Ariz., reinforced by over 500 Yaqui and Maya Indians sent through the United States from Juarez, is now prepared to withstand the attack of the rebels if they make good their threat to assault the town. The news was flashed into the town that there was commotion in the rebel camp. The fact of the reinforcements having been sent through the United States leads the federalists to fear that the rebels will make good their threat and fire into both towns if they attack.

The people of Douglas are fearing their own troops now about as much as the rebels, for the Ninth United States cavalry, negroes, have created a big racial feeling since their arrival. They tried to break up the red light district and had an armed clash with peace officers. All the negroes were disarmed at the request of the citizens, and they have been muttering that in the event of a battle and they get their arms back again, they will turn their guns onto the white folks in revenge.

GOT BACK SAFELY

Swiss Expedition Succeeds in Traversing Greenland.

Copenhagen, Sept. 13.—Greenland has been crossed for the first time from west to east over the barren ice by the Swiss expedition under Dr. De Quervain, joint director of the Swiss Central Meteorological institute, who is now at Reykjavik, the capital of Iceland. The members of the party are well. The members of the expedition started from Jakobshavn, Danish northwest Greenland, and marched for three months over the ice wastes. They made the east coast on Aug. 2, ten miles from Anginagasalik, which was their goal. Many valuable scientific results were achieved.

WHOLESALE ARRESTS

Militiamen Capture Forty-Two Striking West Virginia Miners.

Charleston, W. Va., Sept. 13.—Lieutenant A. T. Gaul of Company A, with eight men of the state militia, captured forty-two striking miners, armed with pick handles, clubs and rocks, when they attempted to prevent miners of the Four States Coal company from returning to work. Major James I. Pratt dispatched a special train to Dorothy, Raleigh county, to bring in the prisoners.

Evidently a Suicide Pact.

Wallace, Idaho, Sept. 13.—The body of Charles Kell, aged seventy-four, said to have been a wealthy Minneapolis merchant at one time, and that of his wife, were found in a mountain cabin near Murray. Kell evidently had shot his wife, then himself. After shooting his wife, he washed her wounds, knelt by her side and blew out his brains.

Allens Must Die in Chair.

Wytheville, Va., Sept. 13.—Floyd Allen and his nephew Claude, two members of the gang that shot up the Hillsville courthouse, were brought into court here and sentenced to death in the electric chair, Nov. 22. They were found guilty of murder in the first degree several weeks ago. Victor Allen, charged with complicity in the same murders, is now on trial.

Another Arrest in Gruba Case.

Gary, Ind., Sept. 13.—The police have extended their search to the East Gary end of the Calumet swamp, where Mary Gruba, five years old, was killed. The police hold a new suspect, George Hasley, fifty-two years old, whose arrest followed information from small boys that he had offered them money to bring a little girl to him at the edge of the swamp.

Held Brother For Examination.

Walden, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Testimony brought out at a coroner's inquest following the death of Jack Grace, a wrestler, who was found murdered in the rooms of the Walden Social club, resulted in the arrest of his brother, William Grace, a painter, and his imprisonment for further examination.

Put Bloodhounds on Trail.

Terre Haute, Ind., Sept. 13.—The Roland Block Coal company's powder house at Patrickburg was dynamited. Fifty men were at work near the scene of the explosion at the time it occurred, but none was injured. Bloodhounds have been put on the trail of the dynamiters.

The Mexican rebels lost heavily in a recent conflict with federalists near Cuichile.

CHRISTABEL PANKHURST

Long Missing Suffragist Makes Whereabouts Known.



THINKS SHE IS SAFE FROM LONDON POLICE

Christabel Pankhurst Makes Known Her Whereabouts.

Paris, Sept. 13.—The suffragette leader, Miss Christabel Pankhurst, daughter of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, for whom the London police have been looking ever since the big window-smashing crusade in that city some time ago, has revealed herself to the public. She is staying at a quaint little hotel in what is really the Apache district.

"I came to Paris a few days ago," she said. "Before that I had been staying on the French coast. I prefer not to say where, but I could see old England on clear days. I received visits from my mother constantly and kept in close touch with the suffragist movement, sending unsigned weekly letters to our paper. I now intend staying quietly here and will continue my work."

"It has not been difficult to evade arrest. The night after the warrant for my arrest was issued I took a boat across the channel. I was not disguised. I came to Paris first and stayed here several weeks, when I went to the French coast. People who saw and knew me did not make the fact public. The police located me in England, America and everywhere except where I was. I have made a careful investigation before announcing my whereabouts, and find the British government cannot touch me here, as the offence with which I am charged is not one for which I can be extradited. Anyway, England, who has shielded so many political refugees, would be in an absurd position if she interfered with France's right to do the same."

THE NATIONAL GAME

Contests in the Three Big Leagues Noted Here at a Glance.

National League.		R.H.E.
At Boston....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0-8 2
Boston.....	0 0 6 0 0 1 0 1	*-7 8 2
Toney, Madden and Cotter; Hess and Rariden.		
Second Game—		R.H.E.
Chicago.....	1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	4-7 4
Boston.....	0 0 2 2 2 0 1 1	*-7 8 1
Pierce, Lavender, Reulbach and Cotter; Tyler, Perdue and Rariden.		
At Philadelphia—		R.H.E.
Pittsburgh....	0 1 1 0 0 0 3 2	-7 15 1
Philadelphia 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	3-6 2	
Hendrix and Gibson; Alexander and Killifer.		
At New York—		R.H.E.
St. Louis....	1 0 0 0 1 0 0 2	-4 6 2
New York....	0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0	-2 6 3
Harmon and Bresnahan; Mathewson and Wilson.		
Second Game—		R.H.E.
St. Louis....	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	-1 5 1
New York....	0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0	*-4 6 2
Geyer, Griner and Wingo; Tesreau and Wilson.		
At Brooklyn—		R.H.E.
Cincinnati....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0-3 0
Brooklyn....	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	*-1 4 0
Benton and Clarke; Ragon and Miller.		
Second Game—		R.H.E.
Cincinnati....	1 2 0 0 2 0 0 1	-6 9 0
Brooklyn....	0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0	-4 8 1
Gregory, McGraynor and Severoid; Rucker, Erwin and Miller.		
American League.		R.H.E.
At Cleveland—	0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0	-3 6 1
Washington. 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0	0-3 6 1	
Cleveland....	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	-2 7 1
Groome and Henry and Williams; Mitchell, Kanler and O'Neill.		
At Chicago—		R.H.E.
Boston.....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3	0-3 4 0
Chicago....	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	-1 8 1
O'Brien and Cady; Lange and East.		
At St. Louis—		R.H.E.
St. Louis....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0-5 3
St. Louis....	0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0	*-3 8 2
Worship, Keating and Sweeney; Albin and Alexander.		
At Detroit—		R.H.E.
Philadelphia 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1	0-3 7 2	
Detroit....	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0-3 1
Covaleskie and Egan; Wheatley, Covington and Stenage.		
American Association.		R.H.E.
At Columbus. 7: Indianapolis. 2.		

CLAPTRAP BY UNDERWOOD

Tariff Duties Not Paid by Users of American Goods.

HIS ADDRESS SHOULD BE READ

Workers Will Recognize His Distortion of Figures and Facts and Will Not Be Beguiled by It—Shows How Hard Pushed the Democrats Are For an Argument.

It is to be hoped that every American worker in the various industries protected by the tariff will read the address of Mr. Underwood, Democratic leader in the house of representatives, in which he sets forth as taxation the tariff duties on articles in ordinary use. There is nothing novel in the Underwood distortion of tariff figures and facts. It is as threadbare as free trade, as threadbare as the American workingman would soon be if he should allow himself to be beguiled by Underwood and other votaries of the late Confederate constitution into the surrender of Republican protection.

It is true, as Underwood says, that the tariff taxes he describes are imposed on articles such as he describes—woolen clothing, shoes, the tin pall, window pane, carpet, etc., but he is wholly and deliberately wrong and misleading when he says that the duties in question are imposed on or added to the cost of these articles, as used in the ordinary American family.

The tariff tax is imposed on goods manufactured abroad and imported for sale in competition with goods made in America by American workers earning American wages.

The man or woman who is satisfied with the product of American labor—and nine-tenths of the American people are so satisfied—has no tariff tax to pay, and this is shown by the fact that the American article, with its manufacture fostered by protection, is often cheaper in price than the imported would be without paying tariff duties.

The tariff duties prevent excessive imports, which would flood the markets, as imported goods flooded the market under the tariff reductions made by the Democratic Wilson bill of 1894, reducing not only the tariff, but reducing also the demand for American goods and for American labor to make American goods.

Mr. Underwood's statement is cheap claptrap. We had supposed that style of talk too muddy and cobwebbed for further exercise, and the fact that it is again dragged out of the discard proves how hard pushed the free trade Democracy is for something to bolster its waning cause.

FAIRNESS TOWARD NEGROES

Taft's Attorney General Stands for the "Square Deal."

Attorney General Wickersham reflects the broad American spirit of himself and his chief, President Taft. In his splendid fight against the dropping from membership in the American Bar association of his able colored assistant, William H. Lewis, it is needless to say that every supporter of Woodrow Wilson and every sympathizer with Theodore Roosevelt in his refusal to recognize the citizenship of the southern negro, is opposed to Mr. Wickersham in his battle for equal rights and fair treatment for colored Americans.

The action of the executive committee of the Bar association in revoking the election of three colored members, gentlemen of spotless professional standing and excellent personal character, by their local committees, was outrageously, cruelly unjust and ought to be repudiated by every reputable lawyer in the United States. It was a concession to that southern Democratic prejudice which seeks to crush the spirit of manly aspiration in the negro's breast and to tolerate him only as a laborer on the plantations and for the households where his ancestors were slaves. It amounts to an attempt to nullify the constitution of the United States, as amended after the rebellion, by men whose sacred obligation and welcome duty it should be to support that instrument in their every act as lawyers and as citizens.

In their resolute backing of Assistant Attorney General Lewis against the assaults of rank Bourbonism and racial prejudice, President Taft and his attorney general have the god-speed of every American who believes in the principles for which Lincoln died, and who is determined that the sacrifices which the nation offered up on the altar of freedom and equal rights for all shall not have been made in vain.

The Wilson Fall Frost.

The free trade Evening Post publishes a lot of figures to show what would happen if all the states voted the same as Vermont in November.

A two-and-three-makes-five school-boy could tell the free trade Evening Post that if all the states should vote in November the same way Vermont has voted Taft would have the whole electoral college.

It came early, but it came with a bite to it—the Wilson fall frost, Bryan and Parker were both elected in August and buried under a snowstorm of ballots in November, and Wilson is hurrying to the same snow pile.

WILSON WOULD REPEAL ALL PROTECTIVE TARIFF LAWS.

The following is taken from an address delivered by Professor Woodrow Wilson before the tariff board in 1882, showing his view then on the question of the tariff and the distinct announcement of his position as a free trader, opposed to all tariffs except merely for the purpose of raising revenue:

"But the danger of imposing protective duties is that when the policy is once embarked upon it cannot be easily receded from. Protection is nothing more than a bounty, and when we offer bounties to manufacturers they will enter into industries and build up interests and when at a later day we seek to overthrow this protective tariff we must hurt somebody and of course there is objection. They will say, 'Thousands of men will be thrown out of employment and hundreds of people will lose their capital.' This seems very plausible; but I maintain that manufacturers are made better manufacturers whenever they are thrown upon their own resources and left to the natural competition of trade."

"Protection also hinders commerce immensely. The English people do not send as many goods to this country as they would if the duties were not so much and in that way there is a restriction of commerce and we are building up manufactures here at the expense of commerce. We are holding ourselves aloof from foreign countries in effect and saying, 'We are sufficient to ourselves; we wish to trade, not with England, but with each other.' I maintain that it is not only a pernicious system, but a corrupt system."

"By Commissioner Garland: 'Q. Are you advocating the repeal of all tariff laws?'

"A. Of all protective tariff laws; of establishing a tariff for revenue merely. It seems to me very absurd to maintain that we shall have free trade between different portions of this country and at the same time shut ourselves out from free communication with other producing countries of the world. If it is necessary to impose restrictive duties on goods brought from abroad it would seem to me as a matter of logic, necessary to impose similar restrictions on goods taken from one state of this Union to another. That follows as a necessary consequence; there is no escape from it."

HAS CHANGED AS CANDIDATE

Woodrow Wilson's Speeches Now Those of Office Seeker.

Scattered among the platitudes of Dr. Wilson's speech of acceptance are some truths. None is more significant than this:

"We stand in the presence of an awakened nation, impatient of partisan make believe."

Following which he makes believe that he is telling the voters of the country his position on the campaign issues. No one has yet been able to determine from a reading of the speech precisely what that position is. Some slight enlightenment comes from time to time in his later utterances, like, for example, the declaration the other day that Tammany is to be safe from his assaults; but none of it is satisfying.

Dr. Wilson, in the pre-convention days, was represented to the country as a scholarly gentleman, too lofty of mind to practice the wiles of the professional politician, too earnest in the cause of good government to be caught but frank and fearless in his expression, too unselfish to put private ambition above the public weal, too idealistic in character to truckle to the forces of evil in the nation.

But how singularly he has masked all of these qualities since William Jennings Bryan forced his nomination at Baltimore.

There is no difference, save in the purity of the English, between his speeches and the speeches of the professional office seeker of the worst period in American politics. He steps pussy footed over all the large questions of the day. He exhibits a suspiciously broad tolerance for all elements in the body politic, even the elements which, to nominate him, Bryan found it expedient to denounce by name in the convention. There is none of the rugged frankness of utterance that characterized his writings in the days before he was inoculated with the virus of political ambition. He is proving over apt as an advanced student of practical politics.

It is not a pleasant nor a heartening exhibition he makes of himself. The right minded citizen can feel nothing but sadness in contemplating a man of education and culture so intent upon partisan and personal victory that he sacrifices those ideals of truth and honesty for which he has always stood to fawn upon and honeyfuge the voters.

Dr. Wilson as a candidate is not in character with the Dr. Wilson that was pictured to us prior to the Baltimore convention. This "awakened nation, impatient of partisan make believe," detects the difference.



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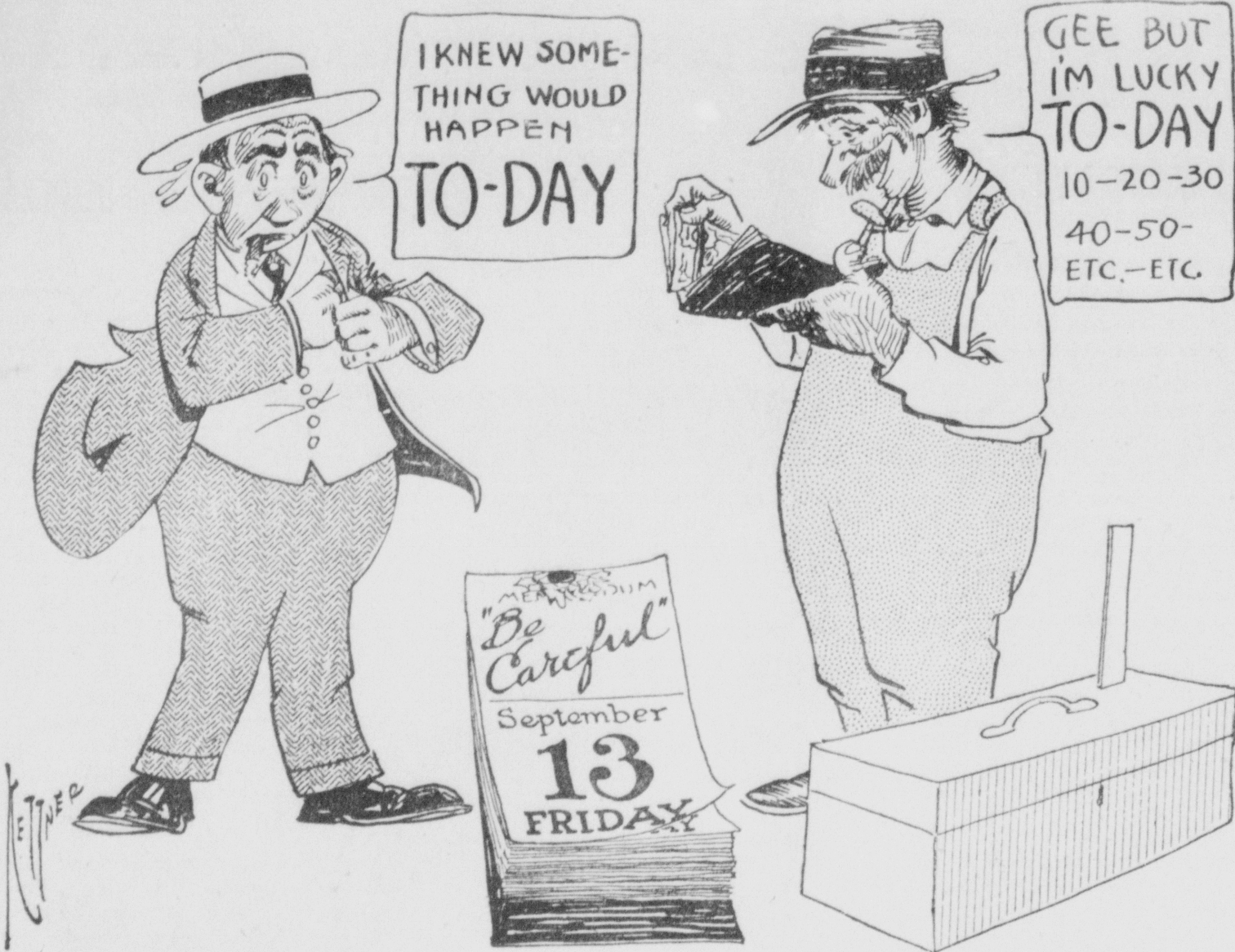
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FRIDAY THE THIRTEENTH



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Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY.
One Year.....\$5.00
Six Months.....2.50
Three Months.....1.25
One Month......45
One Week......10

WEEKLY
One Year in Advance.....\$1.00

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1912.

NATIONAL TICKET.

President,
William H. Taft,
of Ohio.
Vice President,
James S. Sherman,
of New York.

STATE TICKET.

Governor,
Winfield T. Durbin, of Anderson.
Lieutenant Governor,
Thomas T. Moore, of Greencastle.
Auditor of State,
I. Newt Brown, of Franklin.
State Treasurer,
Job Freeman, of Terre Haute.
Secretary of State,
Fred I. King, of Wabash.
Attorney General,
F. H. Wurzer, of South Bend.
Reporter of Supreme Court,
Warwick H. Ripley, of Indianapolis.
State Statistician,
J. L. Peetz, of Indianapolis.
Supt. of Public Instruction,
Samuel C. Ferrell, of Fort Wayne.
Supreme Judge First District,
Judge Woodfin Robinson, of Evansville.
Supreme Judge, Fourth District,
Leander J. Monks, present incumbent.
Appellate Judge,
David A. Myers, of Greensburg.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

Congressman, Fourth Congressional District,
Rollin A. Turner,
of Decatur County.

COUNTY TICKET.

Representative,
John H. Conner, of Jackson.
Auditor,
Leonard C. Hurlington, of Carr.
Treasurer,
Charles Brand, of Jackson.
Sheriff,
Frank Boas, of Driftwood.
Coroner,
N. G. Harrod, of Grassy Fork.
Surveyor,
Bruce Bard, of Vernon.
Commissioners:
East,
Benj. Carter, of Jackson.
West,
William Armbruster, of Salt Creek.

WILSON AND THE FARMERS.

(St. Louis Globe-Democrat.)

Maine is pre-eminently an agricultural state, and the Democratic spellbinders who canvassed it for a few weeks before the election—Speaker Clark, Gov. Foss of Massachusetts, Gov. Baldwin of Connecticut, Vice Presidential Candidate Marshall and the rest of them—laid special stress upon the tariff as the main issue of 1912, and as of especial interest to the farmers. That Democratic bogus farmers' free list which the president vetoed was cited as an instance of the sort of "relief" which the tillers of the soil would receive if Prof. Wilson should carry the country in November.

Then Maine went right ahead and declared against Wilson and his party. Why did Maine turn down the schoolmaster? Because it is believed that he had no knowledge of the real ends of the people, and particularly because it saw that he was on the wrong side of the tariff question. Maine heard the best arguments which could be made against

the tariff and the Republican party, and then it cast its ballots for both. The first talk which Prof. Wilson made outside of his state after his nomination was to a gathering of farmers, and to them he told some of the things which his party would do if it should elect him and a Democratic House and Senate. His words were a sort of "keynote" for Marshall, Clark and the rest of the talented Democrats who declaimed before Maine audiences of farmers. The defeat of Gov. Plaisted and the plurality of over 3,000 for the head of the Republican ticket, with an incidental gain of a Republican congressman and a Republican United States senator, is Maine's answer to the Democratic plea.

"For the Democrats the September result in the Pine Tree State has an element of instructiveness," says the Democratic Brooklyn Eagle. It adds that "Candidate Wilson is entirely right in making it clear that he is for radical and unhesitating reform by downright revision." The Eagle's counsel to Wilson is correct. As a free trader the candidate should talk free trade doctrine. But he can not fool the farmers thereby. They are not quite so verdant as some people suppose. The tariff is an old subject, and the farmers know more about it than Prof. Wilson thinks. A Democratic presidential candidate a third of a century ago disparaged the tariff as a matter of national concern, and said that it was a mere local question. The schoolmaster treats the issue a little more seriously than did the general, but his ill luck will hardly be less. He is honest and innocent, just as Gen. Hancock was, and he is likely to meet the fate which hit Hancock.

COUNCIL VOTES TO BORROW LARGE SUM

(Continued from first page)

would have less trouble with overflowing sewers. The ordinance provides that all property owners having down spouts from the roofs connected to the sanitary sewers shall remove them before January 1, 1913. After that time violation of the ordinance may be punishable by a fine of not less than \$1 and not more than \$100, although each day in which such drains shall remain shall be regarded as a separate offense.

The petition for an alley in block "W" located between Walnut and Poplar and Brown and Bruce streets was referred to the board of public works which will meet Tuesday night. The petition asks that an alley be made through the block from Walnut to Poplar streets while several of the property owners of that block desire that the "L" alley be constructed from Poplar to the center of the block and then south to Brown street. A number of the property owners interested in the construction of the alley were present at the meeting and expressed their views regarding the petition, but no action will be taken until Tuesday night.

The matter of the Fourth street sewer was again introduced, but the petition to construct the sewer was lost by a vote of four to three. Later, however, the council voted to reconsider their former action and after it was more thoroughly discussed the council voted to grant the petition, four of the members voting in favor of it and three opposing.

A resolution was introduced by Buse appropriating \$3,000 from the general fund into the street fund and

\$500 from the general fund into the sewer fund.

Day reported that there were quite a number of holes in the brick streets and ordered that the street commissioner repair the same. The city clerk was instructed to notify the B. & O. S-W., to repair the crossing at Chestnut street.

Hodapp, chairman of the park committee, reported that the trees had been trimmed in the city park and that the brush had been burned. He also stated that the city engineer had plans completed for some improvements in the park, but upon motion of Misch consideration of the plans were postponed until Tuesday night.

Davison stated that a crossing needed repair on the north side of Fourth street across Indianapolis avenue, and the work was ordered done.

Davison requested the city engineer to complete the assessment roll for South Walnut and North Chestnut street improvements and report the same Tuesday night. Engineer Douglass was asked if it would be possible for him to complete the work in that time and he stated that he was now working until midnight almost every night, but he supposed he could work all night in order to get them done and said he would do so if the council ordered it. Sherman Day said that he did not believe that the city engineer should be overloaded with work and should be given ample time in order to complete his records and thought that further time should be given him. The majority of the councilmen, however, voted that the engineer have the assessment rolls ready by Tuesday night.

Misch said that there was some concrete work to be done on Ewing street and that it came under the contract of Mr. Marberry, but he had been awarded a larger contract outside of the city and was not in Seymour. The councilmen believed that this should be done by Mr. Marberry and the clerk was instructed to notify the contractor or his bondsmen to complete the work without delay.

City Clerk John Hauenschield read a report from County Auditor H. W. Wacker that the assessable property for Seymour for the coming year was \$3,086,131 and that in the city of Seymour there were 1,120 polls.

The maintenance bonds of DeGolyer and Company for North Chestnut street and also for Ewing between Seventh and Ninth streets were read and approved. They are given by the United States Security and Fidelity Company of Maryland.

A bond of \$8,000 was given on North Chestnut street and for \$1,500 for the two blocks on Ewing street.

Hodapp introduced a resolution providing that the south side of Third street Indianapolis avenue and Ewing street be improved with concrete curbing and guttering. The resolution was adopted and the clerk was instructed to notify the property owners to have the improvement completed before the last of this month.

The claims were read and allowed as follows:
Telegram ordering sewer inlet \$.35
N. C. Rucker, assisting city engineer 15.00
DeGolyer & Co., concrete.... 14.88
Harry Marberry, concrete.... 40.48
Harry Marberry, concrete.... 32.28
Harry Marberry, concrete.... 9.52
Harry Marberry, concrete.... 26.24
Harry Marberry, concrete.... 40.88
Harry Marberry, concrete.... 34.12
Harry Marberry, concrete.... 12.24
South Bend Foundry, Co., inlet 10.50
Seymour Water Co., manhole

Kings	17.28
A. D. Shields, feed.....	19.60
DeGolyer & Co., labor & teams	20.55
Ewing Shields, labor and brick	5.00
Isaac Burrell, salary St. Com.	21.00
William Aufenberg, labor....	14.85
August Kerl, labor.....	14.85
Henry Wooley, labor.....	14.85
David Foist, labor.....	12.75
Fred Elliott, labor.....	14.85
Claude Turley, labor.....	13.50
Baine Carr, hauling.....	34.65
JJasper Stark, hauling.....	34.65
Chas. Rottger, hauling.....	31.50
Fred Von Deilinger, inspector	16.50
Ira McConnell, labor.....	18.00
A. V. Lawell, inspector.....	44.70
Prisoners.....	3.00
Frank J. Voss, Ambulance service for Oliver Snyder....	10.00
Star Livery Barn, delivery....	1.00
McCoy Thompson Garage, delivery of burglar.....	1.00
Gamewell Fire Alarm Co., battery jars	2.50
Volunteer Fireman	4.50
Mrs. Constance, cleaning city building	9.00
Seymour Mutual Tel. Co.....	1.45
Seymour Public Service Co....	2.16
Seymour Republican Adv.....	3.22
Joseph Burkart, sewer work..	72.55
J. M. Hamer, supplies.....	72.26

Baptist Choir

Will hold its regular rehearsal at the church at 7:30 tonight. Every member urged to be present. ftf

Cakes, pies, doughnuts, baked fresh every day by your home bakery. Loertz' 108 South Chestnut street.

Now ready with a handsome line of Suits and Coats. The Day Light Dry Goods Store. d&ws14

Peaches, grapes and plums at the Model Grocery. s14d

Get your Ice Cream at Sweeney's stand. m3dtf

Phone 621 for ice. John J. Cobb.

Seymour Business College Phone 403.

Boys' School Time

We have the finest and best line of Clothing for Boys' rough and dress wear at prices that can't be beat.

We also have a big line of Boys' and Girls' School Shoes that will give the best wear. We guarantee each and every pair that goes out of the house. Come in and look them over before you do your buying.

We also handle the Famous Douglas Shoes for Men and Ladies.

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Next Door to the Gold Mine.



A CASE OF GLASSES

is necessary as soon as you find that your eye sight is becoming in the least weakened. Come here and we will fit you with the right kind of lenses—those that will relieve the strain and improve the impaired vision. We examine you, prescribe for you, and fit you at a moderate charge, and we give you both relief and satisfaction.

T. M. JACKSON.

GEO. F. KAMMAN, Optician.

10 Days

We call your special attention to a few items we are cleaning up for the season. Prices are no object as we do not want any carried over merchandise. Last month we sold the most merchandise we have ever sold in the history of our store in one month's time.

Some good reason for our steady growth, you can't pay too much if you buy here.

2 only, \$3.50 Lawn Mowers, now.....	\$1.98	
1 only, \$8.50 Refrigerator, now.....	\$6.98	
1 only, \$14.00 Set Buggy Harness.....	\$8.85	
1 only, \$5.00, 3 burner Gasoline Stove.....	\$3.25	
2 only, 50 ft. Coils $\frac{3}{4}$ in. 5 Ply. guaranteed Hose worth \$5.00, for.....	\$3.49	
1 only, 50 ft. Coils $\frac{3}{4}$ in. 6 Ply guaranteed hose worth \$6.00, for.....	\$4.49	
EXTRA	SPECIAL	EXTRA
Best quality New Timothy Seed 97 per cent. pure, per bushel.....	\$2.75	
Serath or Ink Tablets for school, eac...h.....	4c	
Palm Toilet Soap, 3-5c bars for.....	10c	
Fresh Wisconsin Cream Cheese, lb.....	20c	
20 and 25c Buggy Whips, each.....	15c	
50c Buggy Whips, each.....	37c	
Shamrock Coffee, the equal of any 30c coffee, the kind that was served at the State Fair, per lb.....	26c	

RAY R. KEACH'S Country Store

East Second Street, SEYMOUR, IND.

You will never know what it really means to have a perfect form until you wear a

"Justrite" corset

The increased demand for these corsets prove their merit.

We are now receiving a new stock of FALL DRY GOODS which will be marked at POPULAR PRICES.

W. H. REYNOLDS

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Is Your Auto Worth \$1.00

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You are risking both every time you drive your car with slippery brakes. Buy a can of "Safe Brakes" \$1.00

There are three more months of good Bicycle riding. Get your Bicycle repaired NOW

W. A. CARTER & SON

FALL SHOES

WE ARE now showing all of the new-est ideas in Fall Footwear. We are the "REGAL" agents here—their Shoes are famous from coast to coast.

Large line of nobby English lasts for the Young Men \$3.50 and \$4.00

THE HUB

MEN'S OUTFITTING STORE

School Supplies

BOOKS, TABLETS, FOUNTAIN PENS AND PENCILS

Opposite Interurban Station No. 17 East Second Street

At T. R. CARTER'S

MAYES' SPECIALS

Fine Potatoes per pk.....	20c
Eastern Sweet Potatoes, per pk.....	40c
Eating Apples per peck.....	30c
Cooking Apples, peck.....	20c
Large head Cabbage.....	5c
Green Corn, per dozen.....	15c
Red Rose Flour, per bag.....	65c
Heavy Pack Salmon, can.....	10c
3 cans Apple Butter.....	25c
2 boxes Noiseless Matches.....	5c
Fresh Crackers, 2 pounds for.....	15c
3 small cans Milk.....	10c
2 large cans Milk.....	15c
Lenox Soap, 3 bars.....	10c
Swifts Pride Soap, 3 bars.....	10c
Smoked Jowl Bacon per lb.....	12½c
Dry Salt Jowl Bacon per lb.....	11c

California pears and blue plums, peaches, celery, lemons, oranges and bananas.

MAYES' CASH GROCERY

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Practice Limited to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat and Fitting Glasses.
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The Kind of Watches we sell

are those which are reliable in their performance. Unless it is a good, reliable time piece, we would not care to sell it as our reputation has been built on the kind that keep time. If you are thinking of buying a watch, call and see them, learn our prices. We will save you money, also sell them on the installment plan if you wish to buy that way.

J. G. LAUPUS, Jeweler

LEESVILLE MAN HURT.

N. C. Plummer Fell With Horse At Bedford and is Injured.

As he was turning his horse in a sudden dash after a heifer that had escaped from the herd he was driving, N. C. Plummer, a farmer residing near Leesville, fell with his horse on East 16th street this morning at 7 o'clock and it was only by the greatest good fortune that he was not fatally injured.

Plummer was bringing a lot of cattle to the city for Lee Raibolt and had rode his horse on a stone walk near the B. & O. bridge on East 16th street to head off an unruly animal. The heifer ran past and in turning the horse slipped on the stone, the rear feet were thrown from under it and the animal fell back upon the rider.

His right arm was badly lacerated and required three stitches to close the wound. He was also badly bruised all over the body though no bones were broken. He came to the office of Dr. Norman on this city, where his injuries were dressed.—Bedford Mail

Finest line of Dress and Wash Goods now on display. The Day Light Dry Goods Store. d&ws14

FRECKLE-FACE

New Remedy That Removes Freckles or Costs Nothing.

Here's a chance Miss Freckle-Face, to try a new remedy for freckles with the guarantee of a reliable dealer that it will not cost you a penny unless it removes the freckles, while if it does give you a clear complexion, the expense is trifling.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength from any first class druggist, and one night's treatment will show you how easy it is to rid yourself of the homely freckles and get a beautiful complexion. Rarely is more than one ounce needed for the worst case.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is the only prescription sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. W. H. Howe spent today in North Vernon.

Mrs. Chase Jones went to Mitchell this afternoon.

Mrs. Flora Bergdoll went to Medora this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry C. Miller went to Mitchell this morning.

Mrs. Oscar Carter attended the Crothersville fair today.

Mrs. William Murph went to Crothersville this afternoon to the fair.

Mrs. Frank Kasting and Miss Ida Kasting spent today in Louisville.

Miss Louise Reath of Bedford is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Reath.

Mrs. Charles Kessler of Newport, Ky is the guest of Peter Kessler and wife.

W. P. Nolan of Frankfort is the guest of James Lucky in Redding township.

Mrs. J. H. Arthurs of Logansport came this morning to visit friends a few days.

Mrs. Sudie Wilson and son of Leesville are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Bennett.

Rev. James H. Hawk returned here this morning from several weeks' visit in Orleans.

Mrs. Lettie Orr and daughter, Miss Marie attended the Crothersville fair this afternoon.

Mrs. Allen Barnes will leave this evening for Chicago to visit her son, Wilbur Barnes.

Miss Lola Lee returned to her home in Ft. Ritner this morning after visiting Mrs. John Lee.

Mrs. C. C. Trueblood and son went to Crothersville today to visit friends and attend the fair.

Andy and Peter Rollis of Indianapolis are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Peter Sensback and family.

Miss Myrtle Huckleberry went to Unionville this morning to attend the Mount Zion Baptist Association.

Mrs. Mary Wright returned to her home in Cincinnati this morning after visiting Mrs. Samuel Crowe.

Mrs. Conahy Love and son, Gordon of North Platte, Neb., are the guests of Mrs. Effie Love and daughter.

Mrs. Ed Steinkamp and daughter returned home last night from an extended visit in Indianapolis with her mother, Mrs. Mary Baine.

Marion White, of Hamilton township, was in Seymour this morning. He reports the corn crop as the finest he has ever seen in his part of the county.

Miss Elizabeth Gossman of Brownstown left Thursday for Jackson, Fla. to spend the winter. While here she visited Mrs. Fred Mitchell.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Haag who have been spending their honeymoon here with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Sensback and family, left for their home in Dayton, O.

Mrs. R. H. Cunningham and daughter, Miss Lula, left Thursday afternoon for Mattoon, Ills. on a visit before leaving for their new home in Nebraska City, Neb.

FIELD EXAMINERS START WORK HERE

(Continued from first page)

prising how careless some of the school boards in the state were with their accounts and that the records were not kept with any degree of accuracy or precision. They gave as an illustration the records of a board found in one city where the minutes simply stated, "School board met and teachers paid in full. School board adjourned." They pointed out that such minutes as these did not indicate what action had been taken by the board and there was no official record of who the members of the board were or how they voted upon the questions before them.

They said that the state board of accounts is working out a uniform bookkeeping system for the school boards and other incorporations and that when this is completed and put in force the work of the department will be greatly lightened and the field examiners can verify the records in which less time that is now required. The examinations will be placed upon a similar basis as a bank examination and can be made with as great promptitude as a bank examiner verifies the records of a bank. A great deal of time is required according to the examiners in making the first examination for no uniform system has been followed and the vouchers and other records are scattered and it is necessary to look through many books in order to check up the individual expenditures.

They declared that the examination was of a benefit to the people as well as to the officers for it is frequently found where mistakes have been made in favor of both the public and the officers. The majority of the discrepancies of accounts which have come under their observation are not due to the dishonesty of the officers but to their lack of knowledge in knowing how to keep their books accurately and correctly so that each expenditure can be properly credited. They said that in one county a discrepancy was found in the accounts of a township trustee, but when the matter was investigated it was found that the trustees would pay the teachers with the expectation of receiving their vouchers later, but in several cases they had never been given and as result his books did not balance by

MOTORCYCLE RACE WAS BIG SUCCESS

(Continued from first page)

The summary of the races Thursday were as follows:

First Race—2:15; purse \$150: Jeanette Wilkes, b. m., by Teckmar (Schuman) 1 1 Billy Wilkes, b. s., by Teckmar (Bacon) 2 2 Francis K., b. h., by A. Cox Francis G., b. m. by Warrior (Cox) 3 3 4 (Clark) 4 4 3 Time, 2:23; 2:20; 2:22.

Second Race—2:40 trot; purse \$125: Banquet, r. g., by Jaybird (Covert) 1 1 1 Bessie Bond, b. m., by Bondsman (Casey) 2 2 2 Virtuoso, b. h., by Oratorio (Coleman) 3 3 3 Time, 2:35; 2:37; 2:41.

There was probably greater interest in the motorcycle race than in the horse races. It was something new and novel at the fair and was watched with much interest.

The result was as follows: First, George Meyer, Dubuque, Ia., second, Ed Peterman, Seymour; third John Merz, Indianapolis; fourth C. C. Miller, Seymour; fifth, Rolla W. Rider, Crothersville.

Spectators generally felt that Peterman was entitled to first money as Meyers is a professional racer and rode a regular racing machine. Peterman lead the racers for the first five miles, but as his machine was not geared as high as the one used by Meyers he was unable to keep ahead. All the boys made a good showing and are much pleased with the outcome.

Look our stock over before buying. The Day Light Dry Goods Store. d&ws14

Milk Shake and all the latest drinks at the Sparta. s10d-tf

Christian Science Society, Seymour,

cordially invites the public to attend a

LECTURE on CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

to be given at Seymour in the

Majestic Theatre, Tuesday Evening September the Seventeenth

Nineteen hundred and twelve at eight fifteen o'clock by

Virgil O. Strickler, C. S.

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Member of the Christian Science Board of Lectureship of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Mass.

No Admission Fee or Ticket Required


SCHOOL BEGINS

FOR mother's relief as well as the children's joy, we are glad to recommend the celebrated

Black Cat Hosiery

It will save you from darning troubles. It has stood the school test for twenty-eight years and no other hosiery has been able to supplant it. We have a complete assortment to which we give our guarantee of satisfaction coupled with that of the maker. PRICES: Children's 15 and 25 cents a pair; ladies' and men's, 15, 25 and 50cts. a pair.

Thomas Clothing Co.



DON'T TAKE IT AS A JOKE

When we say that the more soft coal you buy from us the better you are off. It is a serious fact. For our soft coal will give greater satisfaction than the ordinary kind. You thus get better value for your money; and that money goes so far in purchasing coal here that every order means a substantial saving. See the point.

Raymond City at \$4.00 a Ton. Phone 4.

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Exclusive Agents

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THE BUILDING OF A MANSION or the smallest residence requires lumber of superior quality, as good, substantial buildings cannot be erected out of inferior materials. All lumber supplied by the Seymour Planing Mills can be relied upon to be just as we represent it. We deal squarely and fairly with our patrons, and when you require woods of the very best quality, clear, well-seasoned, kiln-dried, free from shrinkage, call us up.

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TEETH

22kt Gold Crowns \$5.00
Gold Fillings \$2.00 and Up
Silver Fillings 75c and Up
Set of Teeth \$8.00

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It is a part of our business to Clean and Press Men's and Women's Clothes. By a process of Steaming and Cleaning we renovate your cloths and make them look as good as new. Our charges are reasonable.

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Are given special attention here We always have a fresh supply of Drugs.

Geo. F. Meyer

Phone 247. 116 S. Chestnut St.

Sunday School Lesson

Lesson XI. September 15.
JUDGEMENT AND MERCY. Matt. 11 : 20-30.

GOLDEN TEXT.—Come unto me, all ye that labour and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest. Matt. 11 : 28.

This lesson is another step backward in the regular sequence of events, but it matters comparatively little, as He is the heart of every lesson, and the book is given to us that we may know God, who can be known only through Jesus Christ, as we shall see before we have finished the lesson.

Our attention is caught first by the three references to His mighty works (verses 20, 21, 23), and we remember that He said on one occasion: "If I do not the works of My Father believe Me not. But if I do, though ye believe not Me, believe the works, that ye may know and believe that the Father is in Me and I in Him" (John 10:37, 38). In Israel's national anthem, which was written long ago and which they will sing when the kingdom comes, they will exhort one another to declare His doings, for He hath done excellent things (Isa. xlii, 4). In their great psalter they are repeatedly urged to talk of all His wondrous works (Ps. lxxviii, 4; xvi, 3; cv, 2, 5; cvi, 2). We should begin at creation and follow on through His dealings with Noah, Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, Joseph, Israel's deliverance from Egypt and all His subsequent dealings with them, then remember that He who did these mighty works in Chorazin, Bethsaida, Capernaum, is the same person whom we saw working from creation onward, who was born as the Son of Mary in Bethlehem, but whose goings forth have been from of old, from the days of eternity (Mic. v, 2, margin). Mark His "I say unto you" (verses 22, 24) and remember that it is the same as the "thus saith the Lord" of the Old Testament, and it stands to all eternity. He is speaking as the Judge when He talks of the future of Tyre and Sidon and Sodom and the day of judgment and says that it will be more tolerable for them than for the cities in which He did His mighty works, for the Father judgeth no man, but hath committed all judgment unto the Son (John 8:12). What this "more tolerable" may mean we cannot know certainly, but we do know that there are degrees in punishment, many stripes and few stripes, as there are also degrees in glory—every one punished or rewarded according to their doings (Rev. xxi, 12; Jer. xvii, 10). Salvation is the same for all and wholly of grace apart from any works of ours, but the rewards for the saved will be according to service. All who reject Christ are lost, but punishment will be according to desert. As to the day of judgment, it will cover a thousand years, saved people being judged for service at the judgment seat of Christ and the nations after that, when the redeemed come with Christ in glory, both of those judgments at the beginning of the thousand years—the judgment of the great white throne for the rest of the dead at the end of the thousand years. The Lord is not willing that any should perish, but that all should come to repentance (II Pet. iii, 9), and one of His last commands before His ascension was that repentance and remission of sins should be preached in His name among all nations (Luke xxiv, 47). Even after the church shall have been caught up, when the trumpets shall be sounded and the vials of wrath poured out, it will be in order that men may repent (Rev. ix, 20, 21; xvi, 9, 11). The wisdom of this world cannot receive these or any other truths of God and is increasingly rejecting the whole word of God, and thus we learn that we are fast nearing the end of this ungodly age and the dawn of a better one. Let us be glad to be the little children, the babes, who believe every word that our Heavenly Father has told us, and let us not forget that the world by its wisdom, whether in the pulpit or the pew or the professor's chair, does not and cannot know God (I Cor. i, 21). It is better to know God than to possess the riches or wisdom or might of this world, but it requires true humility and poverty of spirit, and that the proud, rebellious, carnal mind of man does not have and does not want (Jer. ix, 23, 24; Matt. v, 3; Jas. iv, 6).

When we are able to say concerning all the words and works of God, all that He does or permits to be done, the words of verse 26 from the heart, "Even so, Father, for so it seemed good in Thy sight," we have reached a place

of real soul rest, a place where we can "abide satisfied." This was the rest of the Lord Jesus Christ. The Father sent Him, and He lived by the Father, always pleasing the Father and delighting Himself in the Father's will. So He says to all those who labor and are heavy laden, "Come unto Me, and I will give you rest." The rest is to be found in Himself, not in His service nor His gifts. We must learn to sing from the heart, Jesus, I am resting, resting in the joy of what Thou art. He says, "My peace I give unto you." The love of the Father and the will of the Father were His rest and peace, and they may be ours too. Only the meek and lowly heart can enjoy His yoke and learn of Him, but to the natural man this meekness and humility are utterly distasteful, for the natural man is under the control of the devil, and he knows nothing of meekness or lowliness.

THE LESSON QUIZ.

Sept. 15, 1912.

[Copyright, 1911, by Rev. T. S. Linscott, D. D.]

Judgment and Mercy. Matt. xi:20-30. Golden Text—Come unto me, all ye that labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest. Matt. xi:28.

(1) Verse 20—What is the difference of degree of blameworthiness to one who rejects the gospel after having had many opportunities to accept and one who rejects it having had but few opportunities?

(2) Verse 21—If two sinners, practically duplicates of each other, hear the gospel and the one under very great influence accepts, while the other under a less influence rejects, should we blame the latter for rejecting or the influence for being too weak? Why?

(3) What "mighty works," if any, are recorded as having been done in Chorazin?

(4) What proportion of the "works" and sayings of Jesus would you say we have recorded in the four gospels?

(5) What amount of blame must we give to Tyre and Sidon for not repenting now we know they would have done so if the influences had been stronger?

(6) Verse 22—Will there be degrees of punishments for the wicked and degrees of rewards for the good in the future state? Why?

(7) Verses 23-24—What would you say is the literal meaning of the doom which Jesus pronounces upon Capernaum?

(8) Why was Sodom, that very wicked city, deserving of less blame than Capernaum?

(9) Which entails the greater guilt, and why, the degree of sin or the degree of resistance to salvation? (This is one of the questions which may be answered in writing by members of the club.)

(10) What had Jesus done in Capernaum which laid that city under such a debt of obligation?

(11) When do you think the "day of judgment" will be?

(12) Verses 25-26—What class of people were they in that day which most readily accepted the story of the gospel?

(13) What class of men and women, for the most part, were the special friends of Jesus?

(14) In what way does God hide spiritual truth from "the wise and prudent" and reveal it "unto babes?"

(15) Why is it that a proud educated man or a proud rich man cannot perceive spiritual truth?

(16) What class of persons are those who see, hear and obey God?

(17) Verse 27—Upon whom does our eternal salvation and our communion with God depend? Why?

(18) Verses 28-30—Who are the burdened and heavy laden to whom this invitation is given?

(19) What is the nature of the rest which Jesus gives?

(20) Is it hard or easy, and why, to live a perfect Christian life?

Lesson for Sunday, Sept. 22, 1912. The Feeding of the Five Thousand. Mark vi:30-44.

Old papers, good for a score of uses about the house, for sale cheap, at the Republican office. d&w-tf

Use Republican Want Ads. for Results.

HERE AT HOME

Seymour Citizens Gladly Testify and Conspicuously Recommend Doan's Kidney Pills.

It is testimony like the following that has placed Doan's Kidney Pills so far above competitors. When people right here at home raise their voice in praise there is no room left for doubt. Read the public statement of a Seymour citizen:

John W. Brown, 508 W. Tipton St., Seymour, Ind., says: "About two years ago my kidneys were disordered. The kidney secretions were profuse and painful in passage and at times were highly colored. My back also annoyed me and a dull, heavy ache often extended from my loins into my shoulders. I had a tired, languid feeling and as I got no relief from the remedies I tried, I became discouraged. Finally Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended to me by a friend. I used them and in a short time was restored to good health. I am grateful for what this remedy has done for me."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster—Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Fifty Years Ago Today. Sept. 13.

Copy of an order by General R. E. Lee to his subordinate commanders in Maryland came into possession of Lee's opponent, General McClellan. It revealed to the enemy the vital secrets of Lee's Maryland campaign. "Stonewall" Jackson renewed his attack at Harpers Ferry, having completely surrounded the position.

NOSE STOPPED UP WITH CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm Will Give You Instant Relief.

No matter how miserable you are with catarrh or cold in the head, nose stopped up, throat sore, eyes running, dull pain in the head, dry cough, fever, foul breath, Ely's Cream Balm will give you instant relief.

It gets right at the root of the trouble, cleanses, heals and strengthens the raw, sore membranes, stops the nasty discharge so that you are not constantly blowing the nose and spitting. In a few minutes after applied you can just feel it doing its work of clearing the head, the pain and soreness are relieved, the breathing becomes natural and the stuffed up feeling is gone. This cleansing, healing antiseptic Balm contains no mercury, cocaine or other harmful drugs. It is easy to apply, pleasant to use, and never fails to give relief, even in the worst cases.

Never neglect a cold, and don't suffer the miseries of catarrh nor disgust your friends with your hawking, spitting and foul breath. Get a 50 cent bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist, and start the treatment at once. You will find that it will be the best investment you ever made.

Practical Fashions

GIRL'S DRESS.



This dress closes at the front. It can be worn with or without the shield. Linen, pique, madras, gingham or cashmere can be used for this dress with the trimming of contrasting material.

The pattern (5908) is cut in sizes 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Medium size requires 3 1/2 yards of 36 inch material with 3/4 yard of 24 inch contrasting goods.

To procure this pattern, send 10 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size, and number of pattern.

NO 5908.	SIZE.....
NAME.....	
TOWN.....	
STREET AND NO.....	
STATE.....	

Heart to Heart Talks.

By EDWIN A. NYE.

HEROES OF A NIGHT

Some startling facts were brought out in the long drawn British investigation of the Titanic disaster.

For instance, as we know, some passengers—mostly of the first cabin—were saved; all the officers except two were saved; a few seamen—used as oarsmen for the boats—were saved. But—

All the engineers save one, all the stokers and coal passers went down.

And yet these men of all those aboard best knew the peril of the ship. And not one of them made an effort to get away. Every one, save one engineer, died at his post.

You remember the thrilling story of how the band went down, playing up to the last final plunge. The story was exaggerated and has been denied. However that may be—

The splendid men who made the wheels go round did stay by the stricken vessel to the last. They shoveled the coal to keep the pumps and the lights going; they tended the machines—and drowned at their posts.

Nothing spectacular about that.

Yet these heroes of the night, engineers in overalls, with grimy hands, stokers and coal passers with black faces and half naked bodies, these modest workers, faced certain death for four mortal hours without flinching.

Not a mother's son of them was a coward.

Nobody wrote poems about them, their pictures were not in the papers, and nobody cared to inquire particularly how they died.

Plenty of description about the "gallant" captain on the bridge in his spotless uniform and gold lace, freshly summoned from a champagne dinner with Owner Ismay and other notables—

Plenty of praise for the brave Astor and the noble Stead and Captain Butt, worthy of record—

Plenty of tears shed over the pathetic figure of Isidor Straus and his faithful wife, notable in its heroism and unforgettable in its beauty of devotion—

But—

The greasy engineer, the stoker in the depths, the naked, sweaty toiler bent to his coal shovel, who must stay and drown like rats in a hole—who sings their praise?

What snobs we mortals be!

FROM THE PENCIL'S POINT

The barber sometimes works at cut rates.

It's easy to convince a lazy man that he is a victim of hard luck.

At thirty a spinster begins to realize that she is missing the Mrs.

A man's friends all know that he is in love before he discovers it.

It's all right to think good thoughts, but it's more so to do good deeds.

The man who understands the true philosophy of living is glad he's alive.

Even at a society ball clothes do not make the man or the lack of them the woman.

And many a man gets so mean that he actually doesn't care what people think of him.

A woman must be proficient in the art of making up if she would have a mirror lie to her face.

Many a girl starts out to marry a millionaire and ends by taking in washing to support the man she does marry.

WISDOM CHUNKS

We can all see our wisdom after we have it.

Ultimate success forgets a lot of mistakes.

There could be no right without wrong.

The folly of one teaches us the virtue of the other.

And so it follows that our mistakes, after all, are our teachers.

That everyone, somewhere, sometime, has made an ass of himself.

It is no shame to be foolish or to do foolish things.

The shame comes in keeping them up.

In needing a ton of bricks to land on our bump of location, to tell us we're on the wrong street.

And then, too—there's that devilish pride.

We know we're wrong—but ashamed to admit it.

Even to ourselves.

And also—that ego.

That conceited asininity which always succeeds in convincing us that what we do thoughtfully or otherwise—must be right.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BOUGHT HIS SOCKS IN SCOTLAND.

Governor Wilson is a free trader and is so recognized by the rank and file of his party. The truth is emphasized a little by the fact that he buys his socks in Scotland.

His apparent indifference to the condition of American laborers may be due to his ability to get along without being obliged to eat bread in the sweat of his brow.

He has been extremely fortunate in this respect. His autocracy has been deeply tinged with aristocracy during his entire career as an educator and dabbler in literature.

He has neither by personal experience or observation acquainted himself with the actual struggles and needs of the ordinary wage earner.

During the trying times that this country was under the blight of free trade in 1894, '95 and '96, Woodrow Wilson was enjoying a liberal income that was in no degree affected by the deplorable conditions surrounding the laborers in this country.

Mr. Wilson is not to be condemned for his good fortune. On the contrary, we should be disposed to congratulate him, but in self interest the less fortunate should protect themselves against the enforcement of his tariff theories and policy, a trial of which has been given more than once with deplorable effect upon the industrial life of this country—Trenton Gazette.

Glorious News

comes from Dr. J. T. Curtis, Dwight, Kan. He writes: "I not only have cured bad cases of eczema in my patients with Electric Bitters, but also cured myself by them of the same disease. I feel sure they will benefit any case of eczema." This shows what thousands have proved, that Electric Bitters is a most effective blood purifier. It's an excellent remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Price 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed by The Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

World's Largest Book.

The world's largest book is being manufactured for a Chinese medical firm, and it will contain all the testimonials regarding their goods. The book will weigh 1,200 pounds, be 1 foot thick when closed, and its dimensions when open will be 3 1/2 feet by 7 feet. There will be a specially-constructed table for the huge volume.

Repels Attack of Death.

"Five years ago two doctors told me I had only two years to live." This startling statement was made by Stillman Green, Malachite, Col. "They told me that I would die with consumption. It was up to me then to try the best lung medicine and I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery. It was well I did, for today I am working and believe I owe my life to this great throat and lung cure that has cheated the grave of another victim." It's folly to suffer with coughs, colds or other throat and lung troubles now. Take the cure that's safest. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at The Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

Varying Weight of Brain.

The weights of the brains of different nations are, according to experts, as follows: Scottish, 50oz.; German, 49.6; English, 49.5; French, 47.9; Zulus, 47.5; Chinese, 47.2; Pawnees, 47.1; Italians, 46.9; Hindu, 45.1; Gipsy, 44.8; Burman, 44.6; Eskimo, 43.9. Compared with size of body, the Eskimo's is as heavy as the Scotsman's.

Nineteen Miles a Second

without a jar, shock or disturbance is the awful speed of our earth through space. We wonder at such ease of nature's movement, and so do those who take Dr. King's New Life Pills. No gripping, no distress, just thorough work that brings good health and fine feelings. 25 cents at The Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

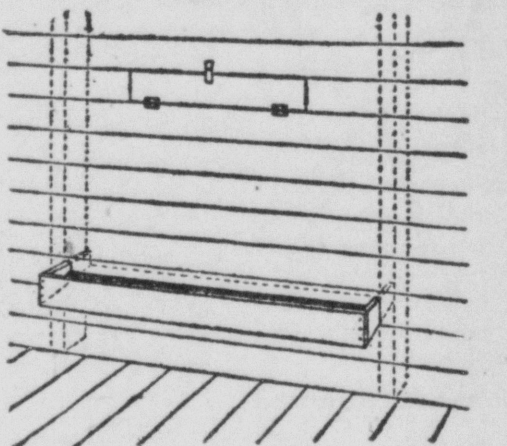
Republican Want Ads. Pay.



HANDY CHICKEN FEED TROUGH

Where One Thinks Hopper Best to Keep Before Fowls All Time Good Plan Is Given.

One of the greatest needs in a hen house is a dry, clean trough for feeding shell, grit, bran or the dry ration. The man who has a celled house can try my method and I'll guarantee he will like it, writes Mrs. M. L. Dean in the Northwest Farmstead. Cut



Trough for Chickens.

through the ceiling board between the studding and take out the board. Put two small hinges on it, replace, and fix a button to hold it in place. Next cut a slit about two inches wide and nearly to the studding on both sides, about a foot above the floor. Insert a trough running back, and slanting to the outside clapboards. Allow the front edge of the trough to come a little above the opening in the wall so the feed will not overrun. With a coal scuttle the trough may be easily filled, and the hens cannot waste, or get on top of the trough and foul it.

I have three in my house for grit, shell and bran, during the winter. Where one feeds grains and thinks it best to keep a hopper before the fowls all the time, this plan will be liked, as it takes up no room whatever. If one's house is not celled the boxes may be put on the outside of the troughs running through. The tops of the boxes should slant so the rain will run off. These, of course, will have to be filled from the outside. With this plan the feed drops down as fast as the hens remove it from the troughs.

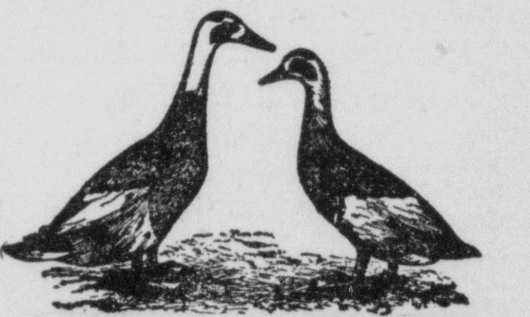
INDIAN RUNNER DUCKS EXCEL

Sometimes Called Egg Machines and Also Afford Additional Value by Their Feathers.

Although the Indian Runners are sometimes called egg machines, we find they are of additional value for feathers, by picking them at moulting time, thus saving the feathers; and also preventing them from being scattered over their lots or run, says a writer in an exchange.

While they are great foragers in search of food, they never fail to return home at night.

Taking everything into consideration, there is certainly no other fowl



Indian Runner Ducks.

that affords greater profit for the time and expense required than the Indian Runner duck; and they are not alone an all-round practical fowl, but ornamental as well. Their alert, lively nature, their graceful form; beautiful colors and interesting habits appeal to the artistic sense of every one.

The work alone in raising them is very interesting, because it is easy, clean and honorable, and, above all, there is big profits in it, which is the greatest incentive to all business.

SOME SYSTEM IS NECESSARY

Poultrymen Should Keep Books, Same as in Any Other Line of Business—It Stops Leaks.

Poultry keeping is a business and should be conducted along business lines. Some system of accounting is necessary. The poultryman should keep records of all the income and expenses of his business in order to know whether it is a paying proposition or not. If it does not pay he should know it and either stop the leak or go out of business. An elaborate system of bookkeeping is not necessary. If the poultryman wishes to keep full accounts he can at least keep a cash account. This does not express the exact financial condition of the business, but is an excellent help so far as it goes.

Raising Chickens.

By all means raise chickens. Two hundred or 300 with plenty of range can be raised to advantage at very small expense because anything needed for feed can be raised on the farm. Corn and wheat make a fine chicken feed and for winter cabbage will add to the value of the ration.

A Cure From The Forest

Nature in her wisdom and beneficence has provided, in her great vegetable laboratory, the forest, a cure for most of the ills and ailments of humanity. Work and study have perfected the compounding of these botanical medicines and placed them at our disposal. We rely upon them first because of their ability in curing disease, and next because we can use them with the confidence that such remedies do not injure the system.

Among the best of these remedies from the forest is S. S. S., a medicine made entirely of roots, herbs and barks in such combination as to make it the greatest of all blood purifiers and the safest of all tonics. It does not contain the least particle of harmful mineral. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Scrofula, Malaria, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison and all other diseases dependent on impure blood. As a tonic S. S. S. builds up the system by supplying a sufficient amount of vigor and nourishment to the body.

S. S. S. always cures without leaving any unpleasant or injurious effects. It is perfectly safe for young or old. Back on the blood and any medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Advertise in The REPUBLICAN. It PAYS

A GIRL OF THE LIMBERLOST

By
GENE STRATTON-PORTER

Copyright, 1909, by Doubleday, Page & Co.

CHAPTER XII.

Wherein Elnora Discovers a Violin and Billy Disciplines Margaret.

Elnora missed the little figure at the bridge the next morning. She slowly walked up the street and turned in at the wide entrance to the school grounds. She scarcely could comprehend that only a week ago she had gone there friendless, alone, and so sick at heart that she was physically ill. Today she had decent clothing, books, friends and her mind was at ease to work on her studies.

As she approached home that night the girl paused in amazement. Her mother had company, and she was laughing. Elnora entered the kitchen softly and peeped into the sitting room. Mrs. Comstock sat in her chair holding a book and every few seconds a soft chuckle broke into a real laugh. Mark Twain was doing his work, while Mrs. Comstock was not lacking in a sense of humor. Elnora entered the room before her mother saw her. Mrs. Comstock looked up with flushed face. "Where did you get this?" she demanded.

"I bought it," said Elnora. "Bought it! With all the taxes due?" "I paid for it out of my Indian money, mother," said Elnora. "I couldn't bear to spend so much on myself and nothing at all on you. I was afraid to buy the dress I should have liked to, and I thought the book would be company while I was gone. I haven't read it, but I do hope it's good."

"Good! It's the biggest piece of foolishness I have read in all my life. I've laughed all day ever since I found it. I had a notion to go out and read some of it to the cows and see if they wouldn't laugh."

"If it made you laugh, it's a wise book," said Elnora.

"Wise!" cried Mrs. Comstock. "You can stake your life it's a wise book. It takes the smartest man there to do this kind of fooling." And she began laughing again.

Elnora, highly satisfied with her purchase, went to her room and put on her working clothes. Thereafter she made a point of getting a book that she thought would interest her mother from the library every week and leaving it on the sitting room table. Every night she carried home at least two schoolbooks and studied until she had mastered the points of each lesson. She did her share of the work faithfully, and every available minute she was in the fields searching for coconuts, for the moths promised to become her best source of income.

She gathered large baskets of nests, flowers, mosses, insects and all sorts of natural history specimens and sold them to the grade teachers. At first she tried to tell these instructors what to teach their pupils about the specimens, but, recognizing how much more she knew than they, one after another begged her to study at home and use her spare hours in school to exhibit and explain nature subjects to their pupils. Elnora loved the work, and she needed the money, for every few days some matter of expense arose that she had not expected.

When the music swelled from the school orchestra Elnora's heart almost broke with throbbing joy, for music always had affected her strangely, and, since she had been comfortable enough in her surroundings to notice things, she had listened to every note to find what it was that literally hurt her heart, and at last she knew. It was the talking of the violins. They were human voices, and they spoke a language Elnora understood. It seemed to her that she must climb up on the stage, take the instruments from the fingers of the players and make them speak what was in her heart. She fairly prayed to get hold of one, if only for a second.

That night she said to her mother: "I am perfectly crazy for a violin. I am sure I could play one; sure as I live. Did any one?" Elnora never completed that sentence.

"Hush!" thundered Mrs. Comstock. "Be quiet. Never mention those things before me again—never as long as you live. I loathe them. They are a snare of the very devil himself. They were made to lure men and women from their homes and their honor. If ever I see you with one in your fingers I will smash it in pieces."

Naturally Elnora hushed, but she thought of nothing else after she had done justice to her lessons. At last there came a day when for some reason the leader of the orchestra left his violin on the grand piano. That morning Elnora made her first mistake in algebra. At noon, as soon as the great building was empty, she slipped into the auditorium, found the side door which led to the stage, and, going through the musicians' entrance, she took the violin. She carried it back into the little side room where the orchestra assembled, closed all the doors, opened the case and lifted out the instrument.

She laid it on her breast, dropped her chin on it and drew the bow softly across the strings. One after another

she tested the open notes. They reminded her of things. Gradually her stroke ceased to tremble and she drew the bow firmly. Then her fingers began to fall, and softly, slowly she searched up and down those strings for sounds she knew. Standing in the middle of the floor, she tried over and over. It seemed scarcely a minute before the hall was filled with the sound of hurrying feet, and she was forced to put away the violin and go to her classes. Of food she never thought until she noticed how heavy her lunch box was on the way home, so she sat on the log by the swamp and remedied that. The next day she prayed that the violin would be left again, but her petition was not answered.

That night when she returned from the school she made an excuse to go down to see Billy. He was engaged in hulling walnuts by driving them through holes in a board. His hands were protected by a pair of Margaret's old gloves, but he had speckled his face generously. He looked well and greeted Elnora hilariously.

"Me an' the squirrels are laying up our winter stores," he shouted. "'Cos the cold is coming, an' the snow, an' if we have any nuts we have to fix 'em now. But I'm ahead, 'cos Uncle Wesley made me this board, and I can hull a big pile while the old squirrel does only one with his teeth."

Elnora picked him up and kissed him. "Billy, are you happy?" she asked. "Yes, and so's Snop," answered Billy. "You ought to see him make the dirt fly when he gets after a chipmunk."

He espied Wesley and ran to show him a walnut too big to go through the holes, and Elnora and Margaret went into the house.



"My father's!" cried Elnora. She caught Margaret by the arm.

They talked of many things for a time, and then Elnora said suddenly, "Aunt Margaret, I like music." "I've noticed that in you all your life," answered Margaret. "I can make a violin talk," announced Elnora, and then in amazement watched the face of Margaret Sinton grow pale.

"A violin!" she whispered. "Where did you get a violin?"

"They fairly seemed to speak to me in the orchestra. One day the conductor left his in the auditorium, and I took it, and Aunt Margaret I can make it do the wind in the swamp, the birds and the animals. I can make any sound I ever heard on it. If I had a chance to practice a little I could make it do the orchestra music too. I don't know how I know, but I do."

"Did—did you ever mention it to your mother?" faltered Margaret.

"Yes, and she seems prejudiced against them; but, oh, Aunt Margaret, I never felt so about anything, not even going to school. I just feel as if I'd die if I didn't have one. I could keep it at school and practice at noon a whole hour. Soon they'd ask me to play in the orchestra. I could keep it in the case and practice in the woods in summer. You'd let me play here over Sunday. Oh, Aunt Margaret, what does one cost? Would it be wicked for me to take of my own money and buy a very cheap one? I could play on the least expensive one made."

"Oh, no, you couldn't. A cheap machine makes cheap music. You got to have a fine fiddle to make it sing. But there's no sense in your buying one. There isn't a decent reason on earth why you shouldn't have your father's."

"My father's!" cried Elnora. She caught Margaret Sinton by the arm. "My father had a violin! He played it? That's why I can! Where is it? Is it in our house? Is it in mother's room?"

"Elnora!" panted Margaret. "Your mother will kill me! She always hated it!"

"Mother dearly loves music," said Elnora.

"Not when it took the man she loved away from her to make it."

"Where is my father's violin?"

"Elnora!"

"I've never seen a picture of my father. I've never heard his name mentioned. I've never had a scrap that belonged to him. Was he my father or am I a charity child like Billy, and so she hates me?"

"She's got good pictures of him. Seems she just can't hear to hear him talked about. Of course, he was your father. They lived right there when you were born. She don't dislike you."

She just tries to make herself think she does. There's no sense in the world in you not having his violin. I've a great notion!"

"Has she got it?" "No. I've never heard her mention it. It was not at home when he—when he died."

"Do you know where it is?"

"Yes. I'm the only person on earth who does, except the one who has it."

"Who is that?"

"I can't tell you, but I will see if they have it yet and get it if I can. But if your mother finds it out she will never forgive me."

"I can't help it," said Elnora. "I want that violin. I want it now."

"I'll go tomorrow and get it if it has not been destroyed."

"Destroyed! Oh, Aunt Margaret, would any one dare?"

"I hardly think so. It was a good instrument. He played it like a master."

"Tell me," breathed Elnora.

"His hair was red and curled more than yours, and his eyes were blue. He was tall, slim and the very imp of mischief. He joked and teased all day until he picked up that violin. Then his head bent over it and his eyes got big and earnest. He seemed to listen as if he first heard the notes and then copied them. Sometimes he drew the bow trembly, like he wasn't sure it was right and he might have to try again. He could almost drive you crazy when he wanted to, and no man that ever lived could make you dance as he could. He made it all up as he went. He seemed to listen for his dancing music, too. It appeared to come to him. He'd begin to play and you had to keep time or die. You couldn't be still."

The tears were rolling down Elnora's cheeks. "Aunt Margaret," she sobbed. "Why haven't you told me about him sooner? I feel as if you had given my father to me living so that I could touch him. I can see him too! Why didn't you ever tell me before? Go on, go on! Tell me more about my father."

"Wait until I see if I can get the violin."

So Elnora went home in suspense, and that night she added to her prayers, "Dear Lord, be merciful to my father and, oh, do help Aunt Margaret to get his violin."

Wesley and Billy came in to supper tired and hungry. Billy ate heartily, but his eyes often rested on a plate of tempting cookies, and when Wesley offered them to the boy he reached for one. Margaret was compelled to explain that cookies were forbidden that night because Billy had used a bad word that day.

"What!" said Wesley. "Wrong words been coming again? Oh, Billy, I do wish you could remember! I can't sit and eat cookies before a little boy who has none. I'll have to put mine back too." And Margaret did the same. Then Billy slid from his chair, ran to the couch, buried his face in the pillow and cried heart brokenly. Wesley hurried to the barn and Margaret to the kitchen. When the dishes were almost washed Billy slipped from the back door.

Wesley, piling hay into the mangers, heard a sound behind him and inquired, "That you, Billy?" "Yes," answered Billy, "and it's all so dark you can't see me now, isn't it?" "Well, mighty near," answered Wesley.

"Then you stoop down and open your mouth."

Wesley bent over the small figure and received an installment of cookie that almost choked him.

"Now you can eat it," shouted Billy in delight. "It's all dark. I can't see what you're doing 't all."

Wesley picked up the small figure and set the boy on the back of a horse to bring his face level so that they could talk as men.

"Now, what a dandy scheme!" he commented. "Did you and Aunt Margaret fix it up?"

"No. She ain't had hers yet. But I got one for her. Ist as soon as you eat yours I am going to take hers and feed her first time I find her in the dark."

"But, Billy, where did you get the cookies? You know Aunt Margaret said you were not to have any."

"I ist took them," said Billy. "I didn't take them for me. I ist took them for you and her. Did—did I steal?"

Wesley's big hands closed until he almost hurt the boy.

"No," he said vehemently. "That is too big a word. You just made a mistake. If you had told Aunt Margaret what you wanted to do and asked her for the cookies she would have given them to you."

"Must I take it back?" "You think hard, and decide yourself," suggested Wesley.

"Lift me down," said Billy, after a silence. "I got to put this in the jar and tell her."

Wesley set the boy on the floor, but as he did so he paused one second and strained him close to his breast.

Margaret sat in her chair sewing. Billy slipped in and crept up beside her. The little face was lined with tragedy.

"Why, Billy, whatever is the matter?" she cried as she dropped her sewing and held out her arms. Billy stood back. He gripped his little fists tight and squared his shoulders. "I got to be shut up in the closet," he said.

"Oh, Billy! What an unlucky day! What have you done now?"

"I stoid," gulped Billy. "He said I was ist a mistake, but it was worse an' that. I took something you told me I wasn't to have."

"Stole!" Margaret was in despair. "What, Billy?"

"Cookies!" answered Billy in equal trouble. And he told her, "So I got to go in the closet."

Margaret gazed at him helplessly. "Will you hold me tight a little bit first? He did."

Margaret opened her arms and Billy rushed in and clung to her a few seconds with all the force of his being, then he slipped to the floor and marched to the closet. Margaret opened the door. Billy gave one glance at the light, clinched his fists and, walking inside, climbed on a box. Margaret shut her eyes and closed the door.

Then she sat and listened. Was the air pure enough? Possibly he might smother. She had read something. She could bear it no longer. She arose hurriedly and opened the door. Billy was drawn up on the box in a little heap, and he lifted a disapproving face to her. "Shut that door!" he said. "I ain't been in here near long enough yet!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

EXPERIENCE GAINED WHILE IN THE DRUG BUSINESS.

I have been troubled more or less in the last five years with kidney trouble and from the experience I gained while in the drug business and from different cases where I have sold Swamp-Root with perfect satisfaction to those who purchased it, and as I never had a single complaint regarding the medicine while I was in business, I was in a position to know that it was agreed preparation and it did not fail me when I used it myself. It has certainly afforded me great relief at all times that my kidneys have troubled me and I would not be without it. I always recommend Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root to my friends as I believe it to be a medicine of great curative value in the diseases for which you recommend it.

Sincerely,

D. A. KOONCE,

Columbia, Ala.

Personally appeared before me, this 13th of September, 1909, D. A. Koonce, who subscribed the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact.

C. T. HARRIS, Notary Public.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.,
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You.

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Seymour Daily Republican. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

FIRST APPLICATION DARKENS THE HAIR

Safe Scalp Tonic Gives Color and Beauty to The Hair.

You don't have to have gray hair or faded hair if you don't want to. Why look old or unattractive? If your hair is gray or faded, you can change it easily, quickly and effectively by using Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy. Apply a little tonight, and in the morning you will be agreeably surprised at the results from a single application. The gray hairs will be less conspicuous, and after a few more applications will be restored to natural color.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur also quickly removes dandruff, leaves the scalp clean and healthy, and promotes the growth of the hair. It is a clean wholesome dressing which may be used at any time with perfect safety.

Get a fifty cent bottle from your druggist today, and see how quickly it will restore the youthful color and beauty of your hair and forever end the nasty dandruff, hot, itchy scalp and falling hair. All druggists sell it under guarantee that the money will be refunded if you are not satisfied after fair trial. Agts. Andrews Drug Co. s20d

Advertised Letters.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour, Indiana, and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office.

MEN

Otto Allman.
Mr. P. J. Canley.
Edward Haney.
Patrick Mahoney.
Mr. J. F. Michaels.
Frank H. Wyant.

LADIES

Mrs. Belle Fare.
Miss Annie Furguson.
Sept. 9, 1912.
EDWARD A. REMY, P. M.

To Mothers—and Others.

You can use Bucklen's Arnica Salve to cure children of eczema, rashes, tetters, chafings, scaly and crusted humors, as well as their accidental injuries, — cuts, burns, bruises, etc., with perfect safety. Nothing else heals so quickly. For boils, ulcers, old, running or fever sores or piles it has no equal. 25 cents at The Andrews Drug Co., Seymour, Ind.

Thousands of Eyes See "Republican Want Ads."

WAR REMINISCENCES

TALE OF WINCHESTER BATTLE

Col. Mulligan Met Death During Fight Near Winchester—Several Thrilling Incidents Told.

Comrade B. M. Clayton, Twenty-sixth Ohio, speaks of a fight near Winchester as happening July 20. It was the first or second Sunday in August. The command I was in was on its way back from the battle of Monocacy Junction, near Frederick, Md., through Virginia. We crossed the Shenandoah river near Snicker's Gap, and there got with Mulligan's brigade and the First New York cavalry, which was very good company, writes Wm. C. Eckman of Atlantic City, N. J., in the National Tribune. We went around Winchester and struck the pike at Kernstown on Saturday.

The command to which I belonged was a detachment of Cole's Rangers, under Captain Link. He was in the advance. The First New York cavalry did picket duty that night. On Sunday many were cheated out of breakfasts. Just at that time that old familiar call, "Boots and saddles," sounded. The rebs had sighted us, and opened fire on us with three small guns. We were ordered to charge. We drove them back, but we did not get back to our breakfast. That started the fun for the day. We had a few chargers and skirmishers with Cole's cavalry.

About 3 p. m. the enemy came out of the woods on our left and front, and it was there that Colonel Mulligan was killed and left in the hands of the enemy. He and Captain Link were leading us and the First New York cavalry, but the rebs were too much for us. I did not see any other command but Mulligan's and Cole's men.

On Wednesday of that week some of Captain Link's men escaped, and Mrs. Mulligan, under a flag of truce, went through the lines to Winchester and brought her husband's body to Martinsburg. We covered the retreat through Winchester on the north of town. I was sent along with 25 or 30 men out behind a stone fence to hold the rebs in Winchester until General Averill's cavalry came from Berryville. But we were cut off between the two lines. We had a guide with us, and he led us through woods and brush and swamps till we struck the old dirt road to Martinsburg.

It was night then, and we had not had time to eat our breakfast yet. It was a beautiful moonlight night, very quiet. Lieutenant Wesley Mann was in command. We came in contact with a squad of Imboden's cavalry, and I had my horse killed. Cole's Rangers came in, well armed. I ran along a deep gully until I thought it safe, then I came out. I was not long without a horse. My new mount was an old swaybacked horse, but nevertheless she took me to Martinsburg. I got there Monday about 3 o'clock. I had had nothing to eat since Sunday night except a few pieces of hardtack. Early's men were leaving there, and I slipped through to Williamsburg, Md., and there I found my comrades. They thought I had been killed or captured.

He Led Us Through Woods and Brush and Swamps.



He Led Us Through Woods and Brush and Swamps.

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Change for the Worst.

Some boys of a Michigan cavalry regiment, revisiting the scene of a scout near the line between Virginia and North Carolina, came to a Cracker's home, which formerly stood within the state of North Carolina, but which, owing to the relocation of the boundary line, was then in Virginia. One of the boys asked the old lady how she liked living in Virginia. She replied:

"Don't like hit. 'Tain't healthy like North Carolina. Never used to have no rheumatics; now I got 'em all th' time."

Japanese Ration.

The rations for a day provided by Japan for each of her soldiers in the field are three little bags of rice and a bunch of dried vegetables. This means rice for all three meals and a vegetable addition for dinner.

BALTIMORE & OHIO SOUTHWESTERN R. R.

Summer Tourists Rates —TO— EASTERN POINTS

New York City.....\$28.60
Atlantic City.....\$28.60
Asbury Park, N. J.....\$28.60
Norfolk, Va.....\$28.60
Old Pt. Comfort, Va.....\$28.60
Boston, Mass.....\$31.60

These are special round trip rates good to return within thirty days from date of sale. On sale daily. For time of trains, sleeping car reservations call at B. & O. ticket office or address

E. MASSMAN, Agt.
W. P. TOWNSEND, D. P. A.
Vincennes, Ind.

Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern Traction Company.



In Effect December 4, 1911.

Northbound	Southbound
Cars Lv. Seymour	Cars Ar. Seymour
6:55 a. m. I	6:20 a. m. C
8:10 a. m. I	7:51 a. m. C
9:00 a. m. I	8:51 a. m. C
9:18 a. m. I	9:09 a. m. C
10:00 a. m. I	9:53 a. m. C
11:18 a. m. I	11:09 a. m. C
12:00 m. I	11:50 a. m. C
1:18 p. m. I	12:25 p. m. C
2:00 p. m. I	2:10 p. m. C
2:18 p. m. I	3:50 p. m. C
4:00 p. m. I	4:10 p. m. C
6:00 p. m. I	4:53 p. m. C
6:18 p. m. I	6:09 p. m. C
7:20 p. m. I	6:53 p. m. C
8:18 p. m. I	7:53 p. m. C
9:00 p. m. I	8:10 p. m. C
10:45 p. m. G	9:50 p. m. C
11:55 p. m. C	11:38 p. m. C

I—Indianapolis.
C—Columbus.
G—Greenwood.

X—Indianapolis-Seymour Limited.
Y—Hoosier Flyers. Z—Dixie Flyers.

2—Makes no country stops between Indianapolis and Edinburg, but makes all stops south of Edinburg, connects with the B. & O. west leaving Seymour at 2:03 p. m.

Cars makes connections at Seymour with trains of the B. & O. and Southern Indiana Railroads for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and full information see agents and official time table folders in all cars.

General Offices—Columbus, Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE TRACTION COMPANY



Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Crothersville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Watson Junction, Jeffersonville and Louisville at 9:11, 11:11 a. m. and 2:11, 4:11, 6:11, 8:11 p. m.

Local cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediate points at 6:00, 8:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 p. m.

*Runs as far as Scottsburg only.

Freight service daily except Sunday between Seymour, Jeffersonville, Louisville, New Albany and all intermediate points.

Express service given on local passenger cars.

For rates and further information see agents, or official time folders in all cars.

GENERAL OFFICES, Scottsburg, Indiana.

"SOUTHEASTERN LINE."

Chicago, Terre Haute and Southeastern Railway Company.

NORTHBOUND

Daily	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6
Lv Seymour	6:20 am	11:30 am	4:50 pm
Lv Bedford	7:55 am	1:10 pm	6:28 pm
Lv Odon	9:07 am	2:21 pm	7:38 pm
Lv Elnora	9:17 am	2:31 pm	7:48 pm

HE WOULDN'T EAT WITH MR. MURPHY

Governor Wilson Disarranges Luncheon Plans.

TAKEN AS SNUB FOR GOV. DIX

Democratic Presidential Nominee Cast Bomb Into Camp of Murphy-Dix Following When He Not Only Declined to Be Photographed With Murphy and Dix, but Left Luncheon at Which He Would Have Been Near Them.

New York, Sept. 13.—As the presidential candidate of the Democratic party, Governor Wilson of New Jersey indicated very clearly on arriving here from Syracuse that he was opposed to the renomination of John A. Dix for governor of New York state.

His recent utterance to the effect that the nomination of Oscar S. Straus by the Roosevelt party put the Democrats on their mettle was supplemented by his statement to the association of county chairmen at Syracuse that the example of this state would be marked as would be the example of no other state, and that the people of the country were waiting to see if the party in this state was alive to its opportunity and duty.

The whole course of the day's events contributed to the formation of the opinion that the presidential nominee does not want Governor Dix as a gubernatorial candidate, and that while he feels he may not so declare himself, he will not permit the impression to get abroad that he is friendly to Charles F. Murphy or any other Democratic leaders who have made up their minds that Governor Dix shall be renominated.

He refused to talk politics with Governor Dix, he refused to be photographed with Governor Dix and Mr. Murphy, and he left a luncheon at which the seating arrangements placed him conspicuously with these gentlemen and others who are at the head of the organization in the state. When he left Syracuse the governor was angry. He let it be known that he knew an attempt had been made to use him to bolster up Murphy's claim as a representative leader and that he resented that attempt as well as the attempt that was made to use his presence as the guest of the state fair officials for the purpose of showing that he was on friendly terms with those who are trying to bring about the renomination of Governor Dix.

TALKED ON TARIFF

Governor Wilson Addressed Crowd of 15,000 at State Fair.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Governor Wilson, accompanied by Governor Dix, Senator O'Gorman, Acting Democratic National Chairman McAdoo, Fair Commissioner Driscoll and others, escorted by Troop D, was jubilantly applauded as he entered the fair grounds last evening. There was an audience of 15,000. Governor Wilson's address was devoted almost entirely to the tariff.

A WOMAN'S WAY

How Dundee Suffragette Hoped to Reach Mr. Churchill.

Dundee, Sept. 13.—A suffragette named Clunas went to the postoffice here with a card affixed to herself, addressed to the residence where Winston Churchill, the first lord of the admiralty, is stopping. She requested the postal authorities to deliver her by express messenger. In accordance with the regulations of the postoffice they were obliged to comply, and took the "human parcel" to its destination. Mr. Churchill was absent when the parcel arrived, and his secretary refused to accept the woman, who withdrew much chagrined.

Bryan on Teddy's Trail.

Denver, Sept. 13.—William Jennings Bryan, who spoke here today, will leave Denver tomorrow and speak wherever Roosevelt has spoken throughout the west and northwest, returning to Lincoln Oct. 2, for two days of rest. After that he will go back on the Roosevelt trail and stay there until election.

Wife Suspects Foul Play.

Frankfort, Ind., Sept. 13.—The police are seeking James H. Myers, who left his home in this city on Sept. 1, and who has not been heard from since. His wife fears her husband has met with foul play.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE

Observations of United States weather bureau taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather
New York.....	66	Clear
Boston.....	64	Clear
Denver.....	48	Pt. Cloudy
San Francisco..	64	Clear
St. Paul.....	52	Cloudy
Chicago.....	70	Clear
Indianapolis...	68	Clear
St. Louis.....	74	Clear
New Orleans...	86	Clear
Washington...	70	Clear

Probably showers.

Advertising Talks

CLEVER CONTEST PLAN

How a Small Town Merchant Advertised His Opening Week.

Getting crowds of from 1,500 to 2,000 visitors to their store each day for a week was the result of a clever contest advertising plan recently used by a Campbellsville (Ky.) firm. This firm operates a hardware and farm implement store in a town of 1,300 inhabitants that is located in the heart of a rich farming district. This company draws most of its trade from the farmers and was therefore most anxious to induce them to come into the town during the opening week.

The manufacturers of various lines of merchandise handled by this company were invited to hold demonstrations of their goods at the store. More than a dozen responded to the invitation. Prize contests were arranged for each day in the week, the contests being designed especially for the farmers. Some 2,500 circulars were distributed two weeks in advance of the "opening," in which all of these contests were announced. These circulars also carried a most interesting message in regard to the bargains which were to be featured during this week.

The feature for Monday was a mule contest. Suitable prizes were offered for the best span of mules exhibited in the street in front of the store. The selection was made by prominent citizens—a banker, lawyer and the county superintendent of schools making up the judging committee.

A Unique Wedding Ceremony.

On the second day, Tuesday, the drawing card was decidedly novel. The company had previously announced that it would present as a good start toward housekeeping a suitable present to the couple who would go through the marriage ceremony in the show window. It had offered, further, to pay the preacher and to furnish the license, any couple desiring to take advantage of the offer to announce their intention of doing so on Monday, the day preceding.

Punctually on Monday morning an application was received from a well-to-do young farmer living a few miles from the town, and on the morning following he appeared at the store. A license was secured immediately, and the company pasted it on the show window, together with a check payable to the county clerk.

Within an incredibly short time the facts became known not alone throughout the town, but over ten or twelve miles of the surrounding country, and by noon the town was crowded. Promptly at two o'clock the wedding took place, and a solid bank of humanity lined up in front of the windows. The bridal box, if such the show window could be called, was decorated and every detail of the event passed off like clockwork.

Women Enter Baking Contest.

The program for the third day was a baking contest among the women folks. Prizes were given for the best cake, best bread, best pie and best cookies. The manner in which the women folks responded to this offer demonstrated to a certainty that it is an easy matter to interest them in such a plan. The judges selected the prize winners at 2 p. m., and an informal reception was held to the general public immediately thereafter, at which the cakes, pies, etc., as well as coffee and sandwiches, were served. A souvenir in the way of an enameled steel pan was given to every woman who entered the contest.

Thursday was the biggest day of the week. Prizes were offered to the farmers bringing the largest number of persons to town in his own wagon. The distance he traveled was also considered in selecting the prize winners. Seven farmers entered this contest. The first prize was awarded to a man who had traveled close to 20 miles, and who brought 82 persons on his wagon. He built a platform on his hay rack and drove to town with a six-horse team. All of the people who came on these wagons were "treated" to a special moving picture performance. The demand was so great, however, from other visitors that the performance was repeated twice, and more than 2,000 persons applied at the store for the tickets.

The tickets were made with a coupon on which the holder was asked to sign his name and address before presenting the ticket at the theater. In this way the store secured a mailing list of most every farmer in his territory.

Manufacturers Supply Pictures.

Some of the feature pictures for this moving picture show were provided by manufacturers. A cutlery house sent on a reel of pictures which showed how pocket knives, razors and other edge tools were made. A powder concern supplied the reel showing the use of dynamite in soil breaking. A farm implement manufacturer provided a reel giving many interesting details in the development of the reaper, mowing machines, planters, etc.

The contest for Friday was to select

the best gelding or mare raised by a Taylor county farmer. Fourteen farmers exhibited their stock in this contest.

On Saturday three prizes were awarded the persons making the three highest purchases during the week. Sales slips were used as the evidence in awarding these prizes, the award being made at four o'clock. The winner, who presented sales slips amounting to 196, made his last purchase—a planting machine—just before the gong rung for the close of the contest.

During this opening week, which was held during one of the spring months, a contest was announced among the boys of the county, prizes to be given this fall to the boy under 20 years of age who would raise the largest crop of corn on a given plot of ground. These prizes will be awarded at a "Harvest Festival Week" which this firm plans to hold this fall and which will duplicate the general plan of the spring opening.

WHY HONESTY IN ADS PAY

"If a Doctor Lets His Patient Die He's Got to Get Another," Says Herbert C. May.

It is a fact that the modern advertiser must be even more truthful in his advertising than the editor of a newspaper—who must be truthful if his success is lasting.

The firm who wilfully publishes misstatements may get away with it for awhile, but the people will soon find out. When they do, an asset more valuable than their physical property has been lost. Public confidence is the most valuable asset a firm has. Every friend and customer a firm has is an asset. To lose one is a loss of future profit. It is just so with the doctor, if he lets his patient die he has lost a future financial income, and must secure another to take his place.

It is through getting the customer to buy once that he may be induced to call again. How absurd it would be for him to spend large sums of money to attract the customer once, knowing that there was not much likelihood of getting him to call again.

There are very few advertisers who designedly publish misrepresentations. A few may do it through error of believing it necessary to make as broad claims as his competitor. It does not pay. A customer is much easier to please who believes he has received more for his money than was claimed he would and it is much harder to please one who believes he has been swindled once.

PAINTERS SHOULD ADVERTISE

Publicity in Local Newspapers Profitable for House Decorators—Turn Down Freak Schemes.

At the state convention of the Illinois Master Painters and Decorators association at Rockford recently, Charles Demeter of Freeport, past president of the state association, presented a paper on "Practical and Paying Advertisements." He strongly boosted newspaper advertising as the best medium.

"We must advertise," Mr. Demeter said, "and I consider it a necessity and also an art by itself. You will find many who do not believe in business publicity of any kind and prefer to travel in the same rut, thus accomplishing in ten years what could have been done in less than half the time if the proper advertising methods had been used."

Mr. Demeter said his local association starts its advertising campaign early in February, the advertisements of all the members of the local appearing the same time in the daily papers, asking the housewife to make an early selection of wall paper before the rush season opens. The result is that work is started earlier than previous years.

Some of the best advertising which was ever done has been put out at a time when the business was near the rocks. It sometimes requires a time of desperation to set the intensive machine going at a pace which should have been normal. Don't loaf on the job till a smash-up looms.

Souls Saved by Advertising.

Two souls were saved as the direct result of a newspaper display advertisement, claims Rev. Dr. Benjamin Mickle Brown, pastor of the Onward Presbyterian church, Chicago. The ad. cost \$100, which for two souls, he says, was cheap. The ad. was headed "God's Word," and contained St. Paul's epistle to the Thessalonians.

"I believe," said Dr. Brown, "that the churches will soon realize that newspaper advertising supplementary to their working plan is indispensable. It is economy. Through advertising I can reach 1,000,000 persons at one time."

Newspaper Pays Best.

According to Printer's Ink, 17 out of 27 of the leading literary magazines and 13 out of 15 of the leading women's magazines of the country, lost advertisers during the last year. The reason for this seems to be that large advertisers are beginning to realize that much better results can be obtained through advertising in newspapers than through advertising in magazines of general circulation.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

FAREWELL PARTY.

Mr. and Mrs. John Adams gave a farewell party last night at their home on West Tipton street in honor of their grandson, Charles Adams who leaves for the naval station at Great Lakes, Ills. tonight. About fifty responded to the invitations and a delightful time was enjoyed. A beautiful gold ring was presented to Mr. Adams in a dish of cream. He has been home on a furlough for about a week.

SIX O'CLOCK DINNER.

Miss Ethel Rottman entertained at dinner Thursday evening at her home on North Walnut street in honor of her guest, Miss Norma Milburn of Terre Haute. Covers were laid for Misses Lora Reynolds, Marguerite Miller, Lois Reynolds and Luella Toms.

NEWSY PARAGRAPHS.

Stanley Gilbert of Medora was admitted to the Schneck hospital Thursday and underwent an operation.

John Hornady, who has been confined to the hospital at Sellersburg, was able to be brought here Thursday afternoon.

H. Carpenter, who has been a patient at the Schneck hospital for several days, was able to be taken to his home today.

J. H. Hopewell has received a letter from his son, Edward, that he and Mrs. Hopewell arrived at Fergus Falls, Minn. safely. Mr. Hopewell has a position there as instructor in one of the business colleges.

Gustav Hackmann and sister, Miss Emma and Miss Eleanor Baurichter of Columbus, has returned from an interesting trip through the Rocky Mountains. They were the guests of Rev. C. F. Koch at Dewberry, Ind. over Wednesday. Mr. Spear drove the Hackmann car.

Chase Jones, who has been employed at Andrews Drug Store for several months has purchased a drug store at Mitchell and will take charge Monday. Mr. Jones is an energetic young business man and during his residence in this city has made many friends who wish him success in his new undertaking.

Omer H. Cooley, who is a candidate for clerk on the Republican ticket in Ripley county, was formerly a resident of this county, and is the son of Mrs. Elizabeth Cooley, of Brownstown. He was engaged in the newspaper business at Brownstown for several years and later went to Versailles where he followed the printer's trade. For the past three years he has been interested in the insurance business. He is upright and honest and the voters of Ripley county could make no mistake in electing him to the position he seeks.

Arm Broken.

Ernest Allen, a member of the high school foot ball team broke his arm during practice Thursday afternoon. He was running and fell in such a manner that the bone was fractured.

Mrs. Schobert's cakes, Taggart's vanilla rolls, Grimes golden apples, sweet potatoes and hulled butter beans at Teckemeyer's. s14d

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Prevailing Current Prices For Grain and Livestock.

Indianapolis Grain and Livestock.
Wheat—Wagon, \$1.00; No. 2 red, \$1.01. Corn—No. 3, 78c. Oats—No. 2 white, 34c. Hay—Baled, \$14.00 @ 16.00; timothy, \$13.00 @ 15.00; mixed, \$12.00 @ 13.00. Cattle—\$3.00 @ 10.25. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 9.00. Sheep—\$3.00 @ 7.75. Lambs—\$5.00 @ 7.00. Receipts—5,000 hogs; 1,000 cattle; 700 sheep.

At Cincinnati.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.05. Corn—No. 2, 73½c. Oats—No. 2, 33½c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 8.25. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 9.10. Sheep—\$1.25 @ 3.50. Lambs—\$3.50 @ 7.25.

At Chicago.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.05. Corn—No. 2, 73½c. Oats—No. 2, 33½c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 8.25. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 9.10. Sheep—\$4.50 @ 7.75. Lambs—\$4.75 @ 7.70.

At St. Louis.
Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.03. Corn—No. 2, 73½c. Oats—No. 2, 33c. Cattle—\$4.00 @ 8.25. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 9.10. Sheep—\$3.50 @ 4.65. Lambs—\$4.25 @ 7.25.

At East Buffalo.
Cattle—\$3.50 @ 6.85. Hogs—\$5.00 @ 9.30. Sheep—\$2.50 @ 5.00. Lambs—\$4.00 @ 8.25.

Wheat at Toledo.
Dec., \$1.09½; May, \$1.14½; cash, \$1.07.

Republican Want Ads. Pay.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

WANTED—The Cosmopolitan Group requires the services of a representative in Seymour and surrounding territory, to look after subscription renewals, and to extend circulation by special methods which have proved unusually successful. Salary and Commission. Previous experience desirable but not essential. Whole time or spare time. Address, with references, Charles C. Schwer, The Cosmopolitan Group, 381 Fourth Ave., New York City. s14d

WANTED—To rent from twenty to forty acres near Seymour suited to raising poultry. Address E. S. B. Care Republican office. s14d

WANTED—Laborers for concrete work. Filtering plant, Columbus, Ind. s19d

WANTED—Boarders. Good home cooking. 26 Jeff. Ave. s13

FOR SALE—Cheap, close in, splendid home of 5 rooms and lot with beautiful yard. Good bargain if sold soon. Inquire of A. B. Kelly & Co. over Keach's grocery. s18d

FOR SALE—Seven room, modern house N. Poplar. Plenty time. Bargain if sold in 10 days. E. C. Bollinger. a23dtf

FOR SALE—Driving horse, bay, nine years old. Inquire Gorbet's Second Hand Store, Tipton street. s18d

FOR SALE—Five room cottage. Bargain. Must be moved from lot. Phone 702. s30d

FOR SALE—Good Suare and Base Drum cheap. Williams, Dreamland. dtf

FOR SALE—Drop or pick apples for fall and winter. Jackson Apple Orchard. s14d

FOR SALE—Sawdust, big load delivered. \$1.00. Seymour Woodworking Co., Phone 35. a17dtf

FOR RENT—House 512 E. Fifth St. Inquire 302 W. Second St. s14d

FASTEN YOUR TRUNKS.—baggage and boxes which you expect to ship, with GIANT METAL TRUNK STRAPS. They hold like a vice, are durable, and save your trunk from damage by rough treatment. Sample pair 75 cents postpaid. Western Specialty Mfg. Co., Clovis, New Mexico.

Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Robt Blair, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

Max. Min.
September 13, 1912 84 47

Weather Indications.

Thunder showers tonight or Saturday. Saturday cooler.

FORTY-TWO WANTED
TEMPORARY LOAN
(Continued from first page)

be necessary to do so next year.

There are quite a few people who believe that it would be better business policy for the city to wait until the present indebtedness was cleared away before any more street improvement debts were incurred, but this of course is a matter which will be decided upon at the proper time.

It has been figured that the loan of \$20,000 authorized by the council last night will be sufficient to pay off all the street improvement debts and would also leave a sufficient amount to run the general expenses of the city. Under all probability considerable more than half of this amount could be paid next year with the installment of taxes, license fees and from other sources.

The action taken by the council will be watched with considerable interest as it is a question in which every taxpayer is interested and as the tax levy may be increased next year, whether the bond issue is made or the money is secured by a temporary loan.

Mrs. Christopher Dead.

Mrs. William Christopher, sister of Elder G. M. Shotts of this city died this morning at 5:30 o'clock at her home in Columbus of pneumonia fever. The husband and six children survive. Mr. Shotts did not know of his sister's illness until late last evening when he received a message calling him to her bed side. Her condition was not considered serious until that time.

Everyone reads the Want Ads.

Building Material

The Very Best at the Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors and Blinds.

High Grade Mill Work

Veeneered Doors and Interior Finish.

Travis Carter Co.

George F. Kamman

Licensed Optician

Glasses Fitted Accurately

With T. M. JACKSON, 104 West Second Street
Residence Phone 393R

THOS. J. CLARK
Fire, Accident and Tornado

INSURANCE
Surety Bonds
Opera House Block, Seymour, Indiana.

Dr. A. G. Osterman

Office: Johnson Building
First stairway south of Trust Co.

BAGGAGE TRANSFER.
Call 'Phone 468 for transfer of baggage or light hauling in all parts of the city. Residence phone 612-R. SAM S. WIBLE

FIRE INSURANCE

A few dollars invested today may save you thousands tomorrow
E. W. BLISH, Room No. 11 Postel Building

OSCAR B. ABEL
LAWYER

Notary Public. Room One Over Gates' Fruit Store

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